

WARNING: Read
this Manual , and
any Supplements
Carefully
Before Operating
Vehicle.

- Assembly
- Operation
- Maintenance

THIS VEHICLE IS
NOT DESIGNED
FOR USE ON
RENTAL TRACKS
OR RACING

OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL

LH150 ATV-B 2X4

LH200 ATV-B 2X4

**LH260 ATV-B 2X4
4X4**

**LH300 ATV-B 2X4
4X4**

USA

BEFORE OPERATING THIS VEHICLE, THE OWNER AND EACH
OPERATOR MUST HAVE READ AND HAVE AN UNDERSTANDING OF
ALL THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROPER ASSEMBLY AND SAFE
OPERATION, AS WELL AS THE INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING THE
ENGINE AND ALL OTHER PORTIONS OF THE VEHICLE.

PN: F010203A02

NOTE:
A storage area/toolbox has been provided under the seat of the ATV for storage of this manual, and addendums.
Please keep this manual and addendums in the storage area/toolbox so that it can be found easily and referenced when needed.

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1. Introduction

Congratulations on the purchase of your ALL Terrain Vehicle (ATV). We take pride in offering you this product engineered and manufactured to the highest performance and quality standards. We are sure that you will enjoy superior levels of performance, reliability, riding comfort, and safety.

This manual is provided to help the owner and operators of this ATV become familiar with the operating characteristic, and the many features offered on the ATV. The manual also covers information on the care and maintenance of your ATV.

Please read this manual carefully. The information contained in this Owner's Manual, the Warning Labels supplied with this product will help you to understand the safe use and maintenance of your ATV. Make sure that you understand and follow all Warnings and Instructions in this material.

If you did not receive any of the material listed above, please call your dealer and request to have them sent to you.

Important Safety Notice

Never make any modifications to the engine, drive system, mechanical or electrical systems of your ATV. Never install aftermarket parts or accessories intended to increase the speed or power of your ATV.

Failure to follow these warnings increases the possibility of accidents leading to **DEATH** or **SERIOUS INJURY!**

Additionally, failure to follow these requirements will void the Warranty on your ATV.

NOTE

The addition and use of certain accessories including, (but not limited to) mowers, blades, sprayers, winches and windshields will change the handling characteristics and the performance of your ATV.

Practice Responsible ATV Riding

Make sure that you understand and follow all local, state/province, and federal/national riding laws and requirements.

Remember.....Respect your vehicle, respect the environment and respect the property of others. You are responsible for your safety and the safety of others around you when you ride!

AN ATV CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO OPERATE. An ATV

handles differently from other vehicles including motorcycles and cars. A collision rollover can occur quickly, even during routine maneuvers such as turning and driving on hills or over obstacles, if you fail to take proper precautions.



SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH can result if you do not follow these instructions.

- Read this manual and all labels carefully and follow the operating procedures described.
- Never operate an ATV without proper instruction. Take a training course. Beginners should receive training from a certified instructor. Contact an authorized ATV dealer to find out about the training courses nearest you.
- Never allow anyone who is not an adult to operate this ATV.
- Never permit a guest to operate this ATV unless the guest has read this manual and all product labels, and has completed a certified training course.
- Always avoid operating an ATV on any paved surfaces, including sidewalks, driveways, parking lots and streets.
- Never operate an ATV without wearing an approved helmet that fits properly. You should also wear eye protection (goggles or face shield), gloves, boots, long-sleeved shirt or jacket, and long pants.
- Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while operating this ATV.
- Never operate at excessive speeds. Always travel at a speed which is proper for the terrain, visibility and operating conditions, and your experience.
- Never attempt wheelies, jumps or other stunts.
- Always inspect your ATV each time you use it to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in this manual.
- Always keep both hands on the handlebars and both feet on the footrests of the ATV during operation.

- Always go slowly and be extra careful when operating on unfamiliar terrain. Always be alert to changing terrain conditions when operating the ATV.
- Never operate on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain.
- Always follow proper procedures for turning as described in this manual. Practice turning at low speeds before attempting to turn at faster speeds. Do not turn at excessive speed.
- Always have the ATV checked by an authorized dealer if it has been involved in an accident.
- Never operate ATV on hills too steep for the ATV or for your abilities. Practice on smaller hills before attempting larger hills.
- Always follow proper procedures for climbing hills as described in this manual. Check the terrain carefully before you start up any hill. Never climb hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces. Shift your weight forward. Never open throttle suddenly or make sudden gear changes. Never go over the top of any hill at high speed.
- Always follow proper procedures for going down hills and for braking on hills as described in this manual. Check the terrain carefully before you start down any hill. Shift your weight backward. Never go down a hill at high speed. Avoid going down a hill at an angle which would cause the vehicle to lean sharply to one side. Go straight down the hill where possible.
- Always follow proper procedures for crossing the side of a hill as described in this manual. Avoid hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces. Shift your weight to the uphill side of the ATV. Never attempt to turn the ATV around on any hill until you have mastered the turning technique described in this manual on level ground. Avoid crossing the side of a steep hill if possible.
- Always use proper procedures if you stall or roll backwards when climbing a hill. To avoid stalling, maintain a steady speed when climbing a hill. If you stall or roll backwards, follow the special procedure for braking described in this manual. Dismount on the uphill side or to either side if pointed straight uphill. Turn the ATV around and remount, following the procedure described in this manual.
- Always check for obstacles before operating in a new area. Never attempt to operate over large obstacles, such as large

- rocks or fallen trees. Always follow proper procedures when operating over obstacles as described in this manual.
- Always be careful of skidding or sliding. On slippery surfaces, such as ice, go slowly and be very cautious in order to reduce the chance of skidding or sliding out of control.
- Avoid operating the ATV through deep or fast flowing water. Avoid water which exceeds the recommended maximum depth. Go slowly, balance your weight carefully avoiding sudden movements, maintain a slow and steady forward motion, do not make sudden turns or stops, and do not make sudden throttle changes.
- Wet brakes may have reduced stopping ability. Test your brakes after leaving water. If necessary apply them lightly several times to let friction dry out the pads.
- Always be sure there are no obstacles or people behind you when you operate in reverse. When it is safe to proceed in reverse, go slowly. Avoid turning at sharp angles in reverse.
- Always use the size and type tires specified in this manual. Always maintain proper tire pressure as described in this manual.
- Never modify an ATV through improper installation or use of accessories
- Never exceed the stated load capacity for an ATV. Cargo should be properly distributed and securely attached. Reduce speed and follow instructions in this manual for carrying cargo or pulling a trailer. Allow greater distance for braking.

2. UNDERSTANDING WARNINGS

ATTENTION:

This is an ADULT VEHICLE ONLY: not a toy. READ AND UNDERSTAND WARNINGS AND OWNER'S MANUAL BEFORE OPERATION.



KNOW YOUR VEHICLE BEFORE YOU BEGIN RIDING!

Read this manual thoroughly referring to the various areas which are being discussed on your machine. Operating this vehicle carries with it responsibilities for your personal safety, the safety of others, and the protection of our environment.

NOTE: Illustrations used in this manual are for general representation only. Your model may differ.

2. UNDERSTANDING WARNINGS

SAFETY ALERT

WARNINGS identify special instructions or procedures which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury, or loss of life. Read all **WARNINGS** in this manual care fully. Follow their instructions to remain safe.

The following precautionary signal words are used throughout this manual to convey the following messages:



This is the safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury. Your safety is involved!



WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard which could result in severe injury or death.



CAUTION

Indicates a potential hazard which may result in minor personal injury or damage to the ATV.

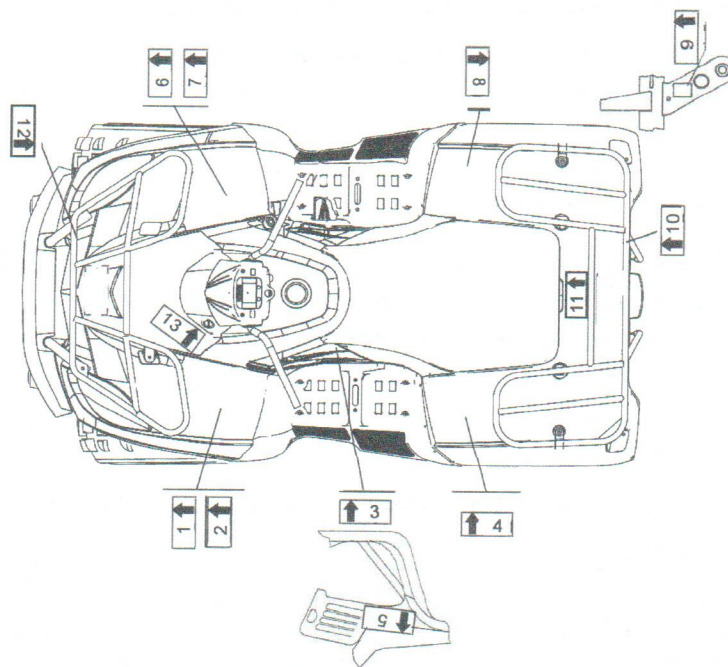
CAUTION

Indicates a situation that can result in damage to the machine.

NOTE The word "NOTE" in this manual will alert you to key information or instructions.

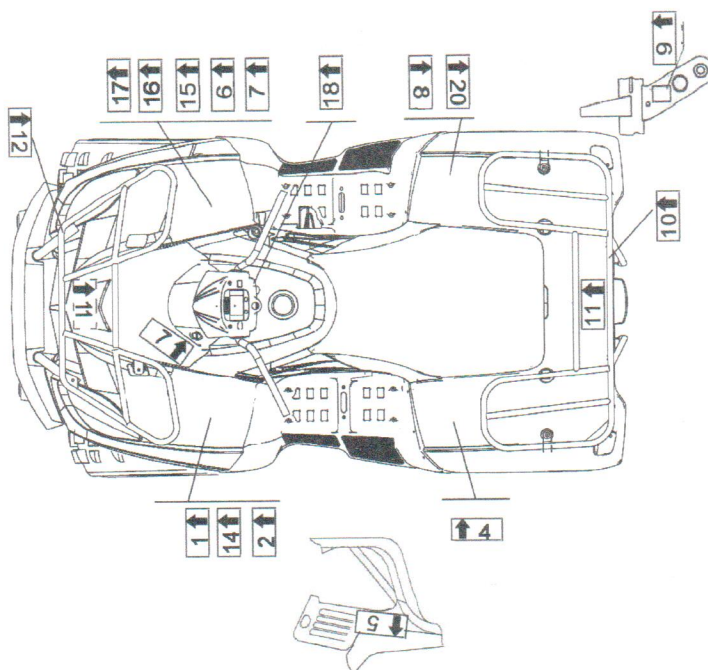
3. SAFETY WARNING

150cc/200cc



3. SAFETY WARNING

260cc/300cc



NOTE:

Warning decals have been placed on the vehicle for your protection. Read and follow the instructions on each decal carefully. In the event any decal becomes illegible or comes off, contact your dealer for a replacement.

NOTE:

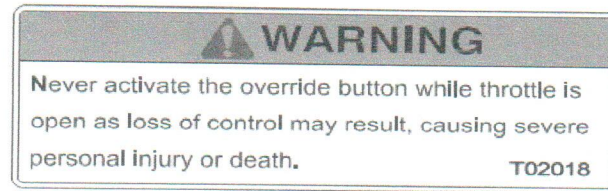
No. 8A、9A、10A、12A FOR 150cc/200cc

No. 8B、9B、10B、12B FOR 260cc/300cc

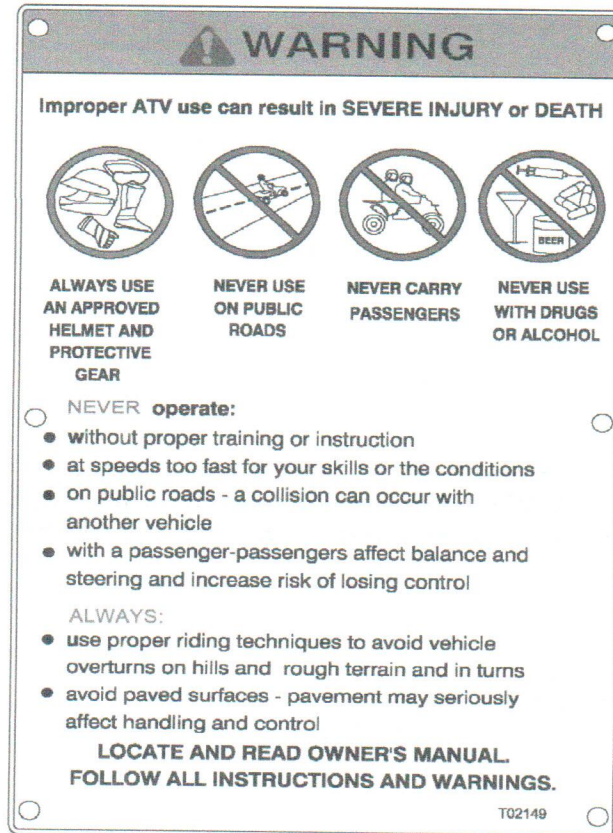
No. 14、15、16、18、20 ONLY FOR 4WD

3.SAFETY WARNING

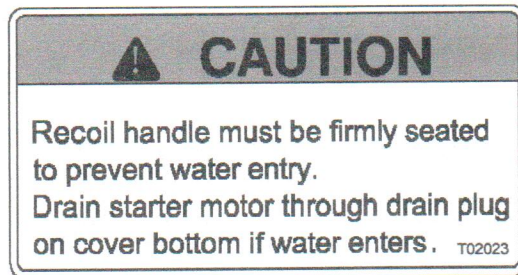
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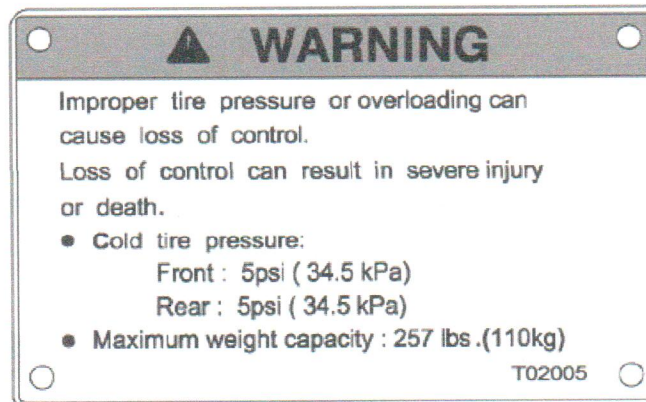
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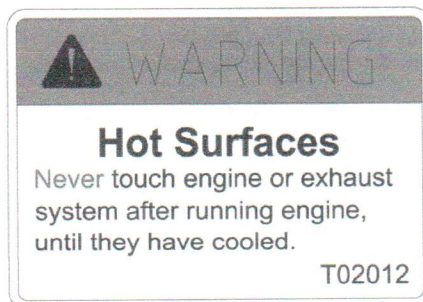
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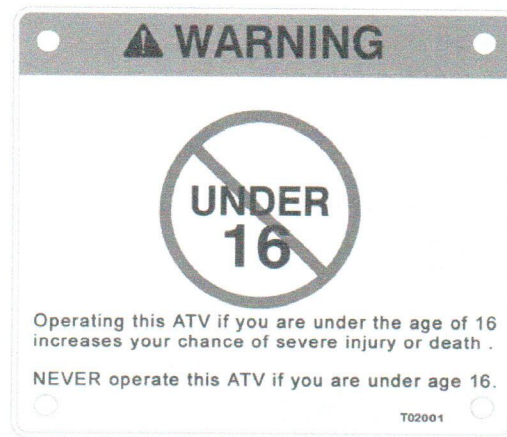
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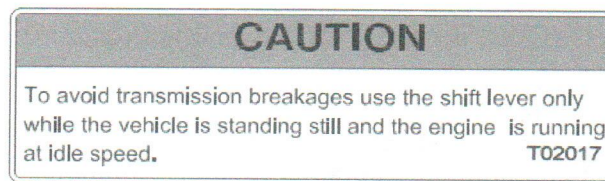
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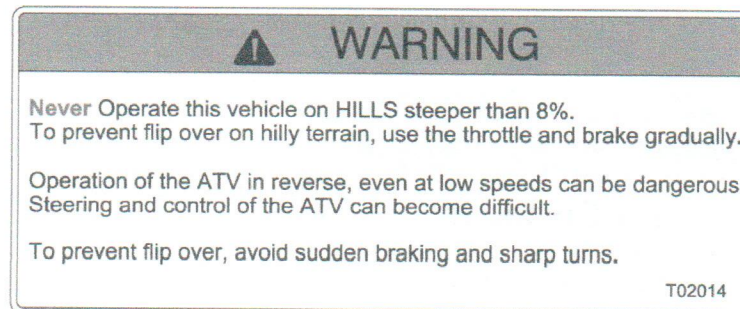
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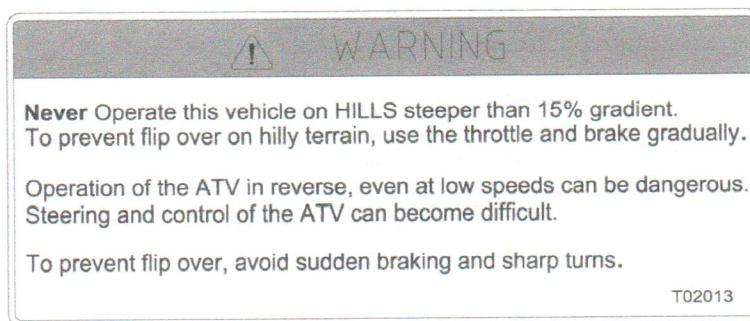
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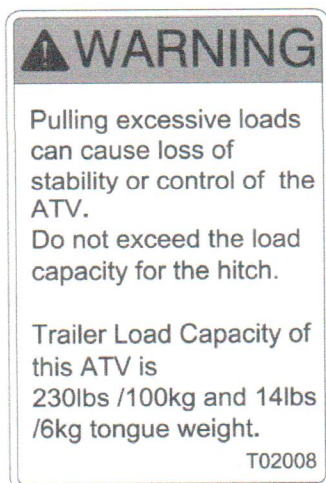
8A.



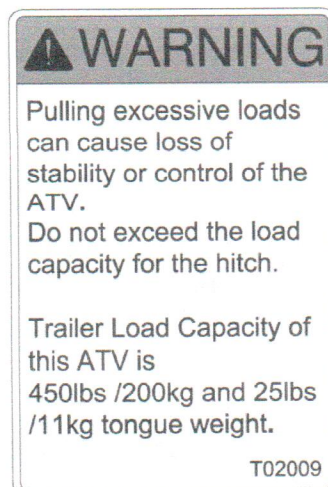
8B.



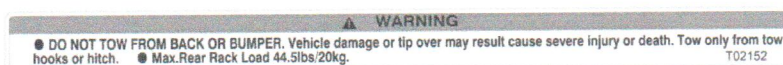
9A.



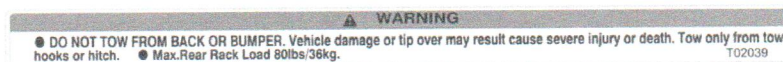
9B.



10A.



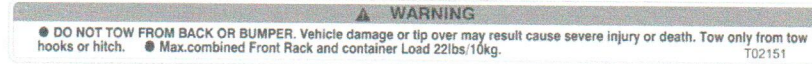
10B.



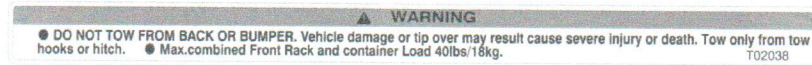
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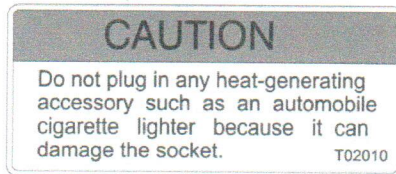
12A.



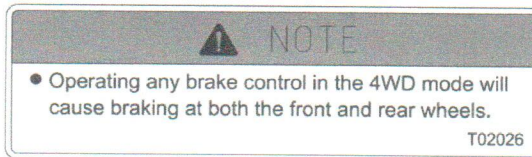
12B.



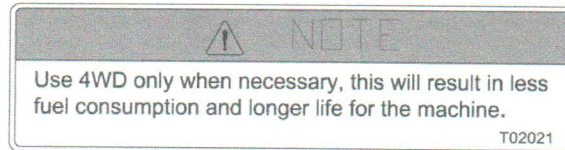
13.




14.



15.



16.

 **CAUTION**

When switching to the 2WD position from 4WD, the button will stay in the 2WD position but the 4WD mechanism maybe still be engaged.
The 4WD will finally disengage when riding on a hard surface or riding in reverse.
The 2WD indicator on the speedometer will come on when 4WD is disengaged.

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17.

CAUTION

TO KEEP THE CLUTCH & TRANSMISSION IN GOOD CONDITIONS.
Use:

Low Range:

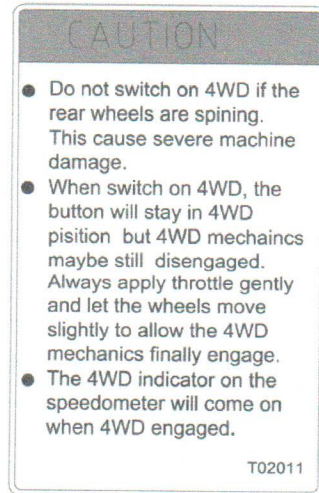
- Basic operation at speeds less than 11km/h
- Heavy pulling
- Riding through rough terrain (swamps,mountains,etc.)at low ground speeds

High Range:

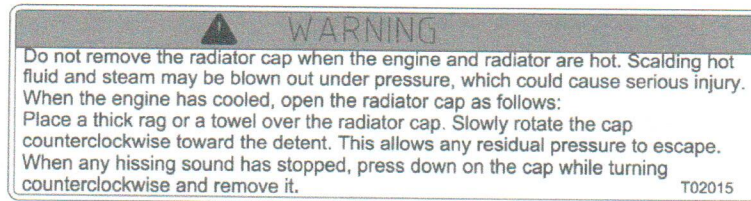
- Basic operation at speeds greater than 11km/h
- High ground speeds.

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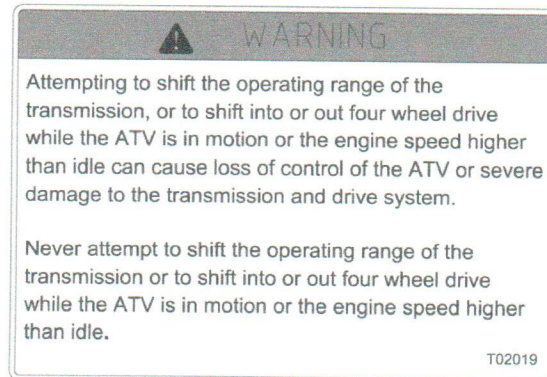
18.



19.



20.



4. DAILY PRE-RIDE INSPECTION



WARNING

You must inspect your ATV each time before riding to ensure it is in proper working order. If proper inspection is not done, severe injury or death could result.

Use the following checklist to verify your machine is in proper working order each time you ride.

Item/Inspection procedure

1. Tire-check condition and pressures.
2. Fuel tank-fill the fuel tank to its proper level.
3. All brakes-check operation, adjustment and fluid level (includes auxiliary brake).
4. Throttle-check for free operation and closing.
5. Headlight / Taillight / Brakelight-check operation of all indicator lights and switches.
6. Engine stop switch-check for proper function.
7. Wheels-check for tightness of wheel nuts and axle nuts; check that axle nuts are secured by cotter pins.
8. Air cleaner element-check for dirt; clean or replace.
9. Steering-check for free operation noting any unusual looseness in any area.
10. Loose parts-visually inspect vehicle for any damaged components or loose nuts/bolts or fasteners.
11. Operators helmets, goggles and clothing.
12. Engine coolant check for proper level at the recovery bottle.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV without proper instruction.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

The risk of an accident is greatly increased if operator does not know how to operate the ATV properly in different situations and on different types of terrain.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Beginning and inexperienced operators should complete the certified training course. They should then regularly techniques described in the Owner's Manual.

For more information about the training course, contact an authorized ATV dealer.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV without wearing an approved helmet, eye protection and protective clothing.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Operating without an approved helmet increases your chances of a severe head injury or death in the event of an accident.

Operating without eye protection can result in an accident and increases your chances of a severe injury in the event of an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

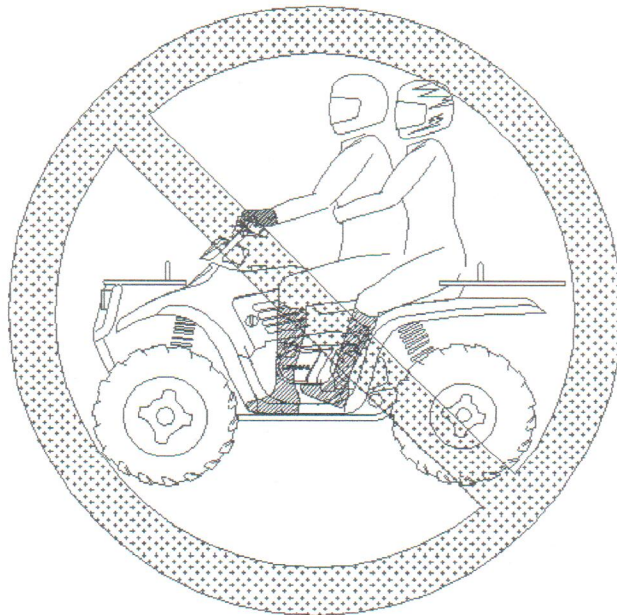
Always wear an approved helmet which fits properly.

You should also wear: eye protection (goggles or face shield); gloves; boots; long-sleeved shirt or jacket; and long pants.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING



POTENTIAL HAZARD

Carrying a passenger on this ATV.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Greatly reduces your ability to balance and control this ATV.

Could cause an accident, resulting in harm to you and /or your passenger.

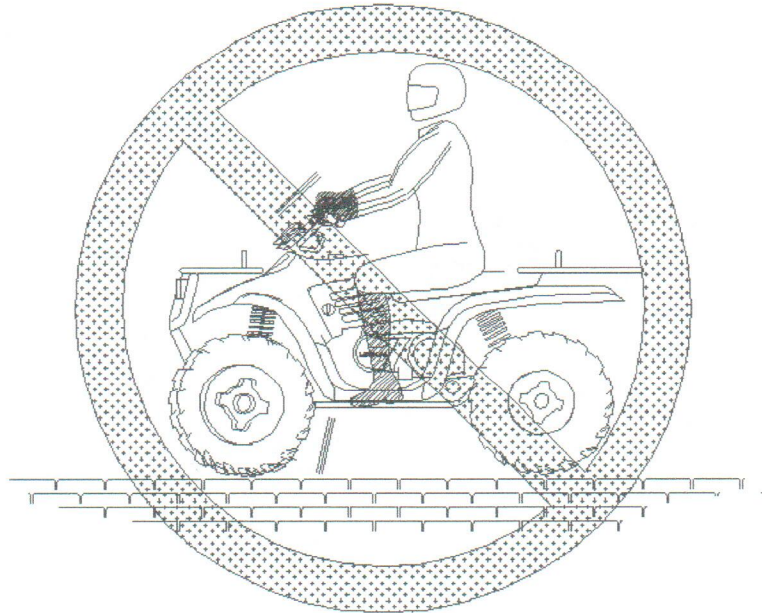
HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never carry a passenger.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING



POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV on paved surfaces, including sidewalks, paths, parking lots, and driveways.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Paved surfaces may seriously affect handling and control of the ATV, and may cause the vehicle to go out of control.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Avoid operating the ATV on pavement.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV after consuming alcohol or drugs.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could seriously affect your judgement.

Could cause you to react more slowly.

Could affect your balance and perception.

Could result in an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while driving this ATV.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV at excessive speeds.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Increases your chances of losing control of the ATV, which can result in an accident.

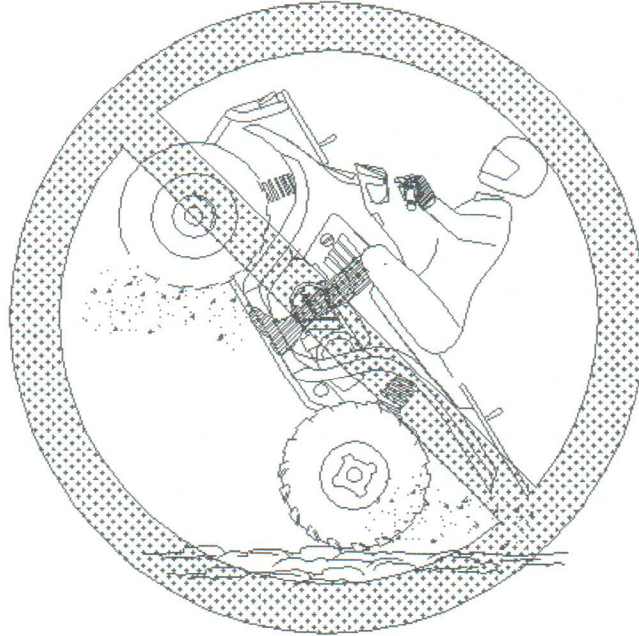
HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always travel at a speed which is proper for the terrain, visibility and operating conditions; and your experience.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING



POTENTIAL HAZARD

Attempting wheelies, jumps and other stunts.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Increases the chance of an accident, including an overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never attempt stunts, such as wheelies or jumps.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Failure to inspect the ATV before operating.

Failure to properly maintain the ATV.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always inspect your ATV each time you use it to make sure the ATV is in safe operating condition.

Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Removing hands from handlebars or feet from footrests during operation.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Removing even one hand or foot can reduce your ability to control the ATV or could cause you to lose your balance and fall off the ATV. If you remove a foot from the footrest, your foot or leg may come into contact with the rear wheels. Which could injure you or cause an accident.

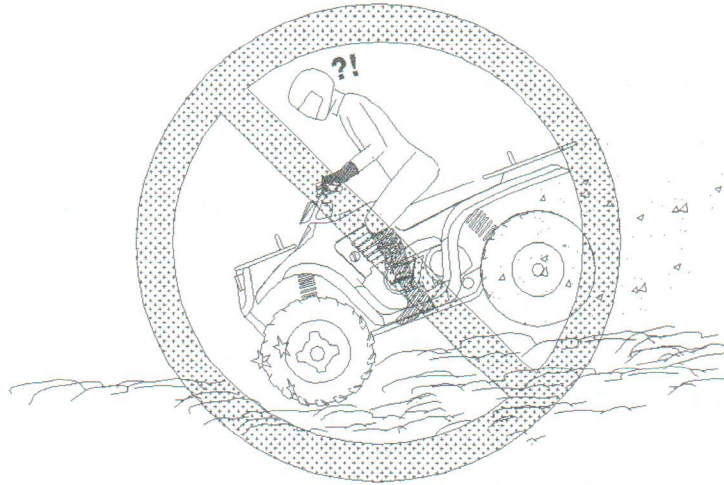
HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always keep both hands on the handlebars and both feet on the footrests of your ATV during operation.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING



POTENTIAL HAZARD

Failure to use extra care when operating this ATV on unfamiliar terrain.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

You can come upon hidden rocks, bumps, or holes, without enough time to react.

Could result in the ATV overturning or going out of control.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Go slowly and be extra careful when operating on unfamiliar terrain. Always be alert to changing terrain conditions when operating the ATV.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Failure to use extra care when operating on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause loss of traction or vehicle control, which could result in an accident, including an overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Do not operate on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain until you have learned and practiced the skills necessary to control the ATV on such terrain.

Always be especially cautious on these kinds of terrain.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Climbing hills improperly.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause loss of control or cause ATV to overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always follow proper procedures for climbing hills as described in the Owner's Manual.

Always check the terrain carefully before you start up any hill.

Never climb hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces.

Shift your weight forward.

Never open the throttle suddenly. The ATV could flip over backwards.

Never go over the top of any hill at high speed. An obstacle, a sharp drop, or another vehicle or person could be on the other side of the hill.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Turning improperly.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

ATV could go out of control, causing a collision or overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always follow proper procedures for turning as described in the Owner's Manual.

Practice turning at low speeds before attempting to turn at faster speeds.

Do not turn at excessive speed.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating on excessively steep hills.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

The vehicle can overturn more easily on extremely steep hills than on level surfaces or small hills.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never operate the ATV on hills too steep for the ATV or for your abilities.

Practice on smaller hills before attempting large hills.

Never operate ATV on hills steeper than 15%.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Going down a hill improperly.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause loss of control or cause ATV to overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always follow proper procedures for going down hills as described in the Owner's Manual. NOTE: A special technique is required when braking as you go downhill.

Always check the terrain carefully before you start down any hill.

Shift your weight backward.

Never go down a hill at high speed.

Avoid going down a hill at an angle which would cause the vehicle to lean sharply to one side. Go straight down the hill where possible.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Improperly crossing hills or turning on hills.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause loss of control or cause ATV to overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never attempt to turn the ATV around on any hill until you have mastered the turning technique as described in the Owner's Manual on level ground. Be very careful then turning on any hill.

Avoid crossing the side of a steep hill if possible.

When crossing the side of a hill:

Always follow proper procedures as described in the Owner's Manual.

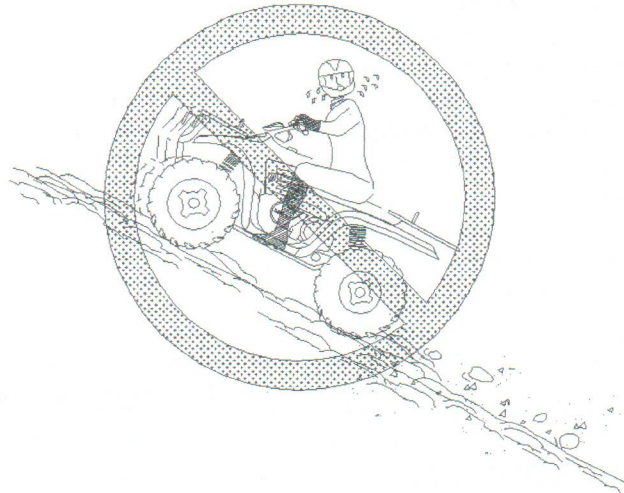
Avoid hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces.

Shift your weight to the uphill side of the ATV.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING



POTENTIAL HAZARD

Stalling, rolling backwards or improperly dismounting while climbing a hill.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could result in ATV overturning.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Maintain steady speed when climbing a hill.

If you lose all forward speed:

Keep weight uphill.

Apply the brakes.

Lock parking brake after you are stopped.

If you begin rolling backwards:

Keep weight uphill; never apply engine power.

Never apply the rear brake while rolling backwards (150cc and 200cc).

Apply the single-lever brake gradually.

When fully stopped, apply rear brake as well (150cc and 200cc).

Lock parking brake.

Dismount on uphill side, or to either side if pointed straight uphill.

Turn the ATV around and remount following the procedure described in the Owner's Manual.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Improperly operating over obstacles.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause loss of control or a collision. Could cause the ATV to overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Before operating in a new area, check for obstacles.

Use extreme caution when riding over large obstacles, such as large rocks or fallen trees.

If you cannot avoid obstacles, always follow proper procedures as described in the Owner's Manual.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Skidding or sliding,

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

You may lose control of the ATV.

You may also regain traction unexpectedly, which may cause the ATV to overturn.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

On slippery surfaces, such as ice, go slowly and be very cautious in order to reduce the chance of skidding or sliding out of control.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV through deep or fast flowing water.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Tires may float, causing loss of traction and loss of control, which could lead to an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never operating the ATV through water which exceeds the recommended maximum depth in this manual.

Avoid operating the ATV through deep or fast flowing water. If you cannot avoid water, go slowly, balance your weight carefully avoiding sudden movement, maintain a slow and steady forward motion, do not make sudden turns or stops, and do not make sudden throttle changes.

Remember that wet brakes may have reduced stopping ability.

Test your brakes after leaving water. If necessary, apply them several times to let friction dry out the pads.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Improperly operating in reverse,

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

You could hit an obstacle or person behind you, resulting in severe injury.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

When you select reverse gear, make sure there are no obstacles or people behind you. When it is safe to proceed, go slowly.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV with improper tires, or with improper or uneven tire pressure.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Use of improper tires on this ATV, or operation of this ATV with improper or uneven tier pressure, may cause loss of control, and increases the risk of an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Always use the size and type ties specified in the Owner's Manual for this vehicle.

Always maintain proper tire pressure a described in the Owner's Manual.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Operating this ATV with improper modifications.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Improper installation of accessories or modification of this vehicle may cause changes in handling which in some situations could lead to an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never modify this ATV through improper installation or use of accessories. All parts and accessories added to this vehicle should be genuine or equivalent components designed for use on this ATV; and should be installed and used according to instructions. If you have questions, consult an authorized dealer.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Overloading this ATV or carrying or towing cargo improperly.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Could cause changes in vehicle handling which could lead to an accident.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never exceed the stated load capacity for this ATV,

Cargo should be properly distributed and securely attached,

Reduce speed when carrying cargo or pulling a trailer.

Allow greater distance for braking.

Always follow the instructions in the Owner's Manual for carrying cargo or pulling a trailer.



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD

Riding on frozen lakes and rivers.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

Severe injury or death can result if the ATV and /or the operator break through the ice.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Never ride you ATV on a frozen body of water before you are sure the ice is thick enough and sound enough to support the machine and its operator, as well as the force that is created by a moving vehicle.

5. OPERATION WARNINGS



WARNING

After a rollover or an accident, have a qualified service dealer check the complete machine including, but not limited to, brakes, throttle and steering for possible damage.



WARNING

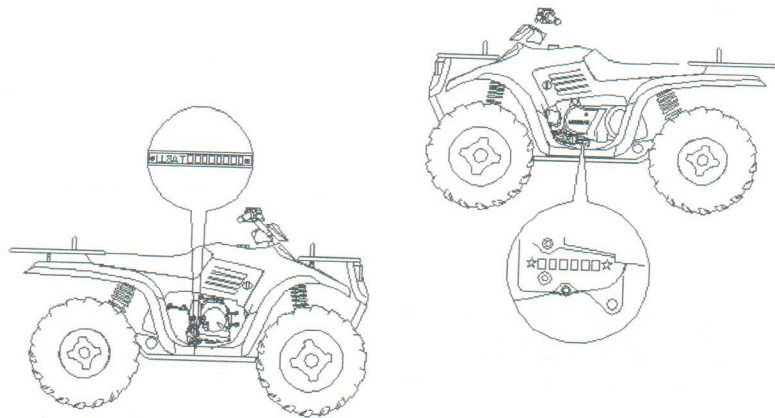
Safe operation of this rider active vehicle requires good judgement and physical skills. Persons with cognitive or physical disabilities who operate this vehicle have an increased risk of overturns and loss of control which could result in severe injury or death.



CAUTION

Keep combustible materials away from exhaust system. Fire may result.

6.V.I.N.



Record these numbers from your ATV in the spaces provided.

1. Frame VIN (found on the lower right side of the frame tube)
2. Engine Serial Number (Left front side of engine crankcase)

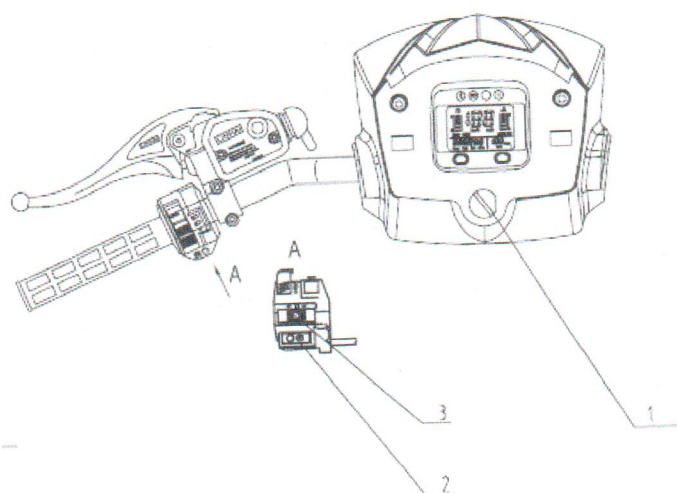
Remove the spare key and store in a safe place. Your key can be duplicated only by obtaining a key blank and having it cut by mating it with your existing key.

Record Key Number

The vehicle frame and engine serial numbers are important for model identification when registering your vehicle, obtaining insurance or whenever replacement parts are required. In the event your vehicle were stolen these numbers are essential to the recovery and identification of your ATV.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Electrical Switches



1. **Main Switch** -This key switch must be turned clockwise to the "on" position to start the engine.

2. **Engine Start Button**-To start the engine.

3. **Engine Stop Switch**-To stop the engine

***Override Switch (Reverse Speed Limiter)**-Some version of this vehicle is equipped with a reverse speed limiter system. To obtain additional power while backing up, depress the override button.

WARNING: Never activate the override button while throttle is open as loss of control may result, causing sever personal injury or death.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Light Switches and Indicator Lights



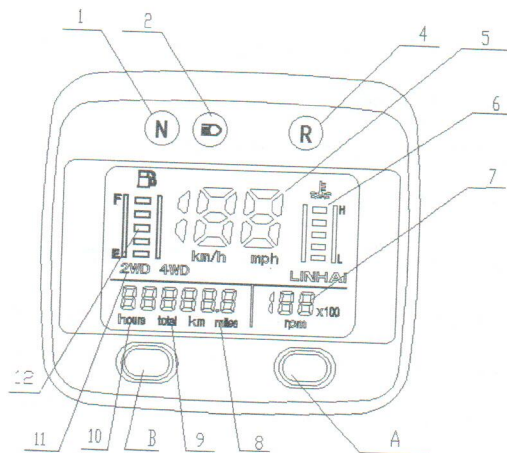
WARNING

This ATV is not equipped with highway approved lighting. This ATV is designed for off – road use only and must not be ridden on streets or highways. Use caution and drive at reduced speeds in conditions of reduced visibility such as fog, rain and darkness.

Switches

The light switch is located on the left hand handlebar. In addition to turning the lights on and off, it also switches the lights from to Lo on models equipped with Hi – Lo beams. NOTE: Will not light unless the main switch is on.

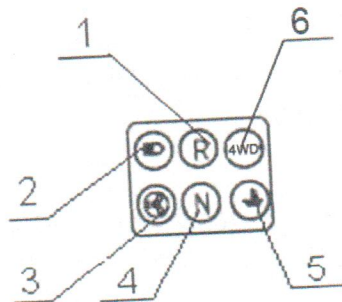
LCD Meter



1. Neutral indicator light
 2. High beam indicator light
 4. Reverse indicator light
 5. Speedometer
 6. Coolant temperature meter*
 7. Engine rpm meter
- *Only for 260cc/300cc

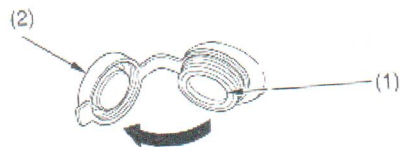
8. 9. The odometer
10. Engine working hour counter
11. 2WD/4WD indicator*
12. Fuel **gauge** Indicator
- A: km/ mile selector
- B: hour / distance selector

*Some version of this vehicle is equipped without LCD METER.



1. Reverse indicator light
2. High beam indicator light
3. Fan Indicator*
6. 4WD indicator light**
- *Only for 260cc/300cc
- ** Only for 260cc/300cc and 4WD
4. Neutral indicator light
5. High Temp (Light only if engine overheats).*

Accessory Socket



(1) accessory socket (2) cap

(1) accessory socket

(2) cap

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

The accessory socket (1) is attached to the left side of the front cover. You can use the accessory socket to power a trouble light, spotlight, CB radio, or cell phone etc.



CAUTION

Do not plug in any heat-generating accessory such as an automobile cigarette lighter because it damages the socket.

To use the accessory socket, turn the ignition switch ON (1) to start the engine. Then turn the headlights OFF, and open the accessory socket cap (2).

It lasts at most 5 minutes when loading 70~100W. If the accessory socket loads below 70W, please accelerate the engine.

Be sure the engine is on and the headlights are turned off before using the accessory socket, otherwise you may drain the battery.

The accessory socket is rated capacity is DC 12V. 120 Watts (10A) or less. If you exceed this limit, you may blow a fuse.

When you are done using an accessory, unplug it, and cover the socket with the cap.

Be careful not to flood this accessory socket when washing your ATV.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Throttle



WARNING

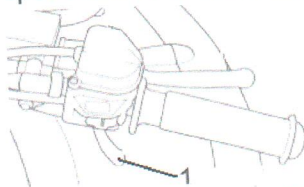
Do not start or operate an ATV with sticking or improperly operation throttle controls. A stuck or improperly operating throttle could cause an accident resulting in severe injury or death. Always contact your dealer for service repairs whenever throttle problems arise.

Failure to check or maintain proper operation of the throttle system can result in the throttle lever sticking during riding and cause an accident.

Always check the lever for free movement and return before starting the engine and occasionally during riding.

Throttle Lever

Engine speed and vehicle movement are controlled by pressing the throttle lever. The throttle lever (1) is spring loaded and engine speed returns to idle when the lever is released.



WARNING

Washing or operating the scooter in freezing temperatures can result in water freezing in the throttle cable conduit and/or on the throttle mechanism.

This may result in the throttle sticking which can cause the engine to continue to run and result in loss of control.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Front and Rear Brakes

The brake fluid level should be checked before each ride. The reservoir of hand brake is located on the left side of the handlebar. The reservoir of foot brake is located under the seat. The fluid should be kept between the maximum and minimum marks.



CAUTION

Once a bottle of brake fluid is opened, use what is necessary and discard the rest. Do not store or use a partial bottle of brake fluid. Brake fluid is hygroscopic, meaning it rapidly absorbs moisture from the air. This causes the boiling temperature of the brake fluid to drop, which can lead to early brake fade and the possibility of severe injury.

Front and Rear Brakes

The front and rear brakes are applied by squeezing the left side brake lever toward the handlebar. The front and rear brakes are hydraulically activated disc type brakes which are activated by one lever only.

Always test brake lever travel and reservoir fluid level before riding. When squeezed, the lever should feel firm. Any sponginess would indicate a possible fluid leak or low master cylinder fluid level which must be corrected before riding. Contact your dealer for proper diagnosis and repair.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

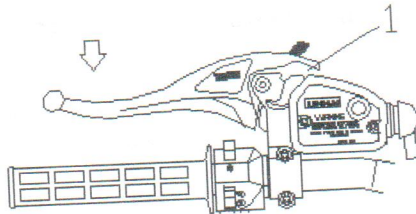


WARNING

Never operate the ATV with a spongy feeling brake lever. operating the ATV with a spongy brake lever can result in loss of braking. Loss of braking could cause an accident.

Setting the Parking Brake

1. Squeeze the left hand brake lever two or three times and hold it.
2. Push the park brake lock (1) into the notches on the master cylinder body. Release the brake lever.
3. To release the parking brake lock, squeeze the brake lever. It will return its released position.



Important Safeguards

- The parking brake may relax when left on for a long period of time. This could cause an accident.
- **Do not leave the vehicle on a hill depending on the parking brake for more than five minutes.**
- Always block the downhill side of the wheels if leaving the ATV on a hill or park the ATV in a side hill position.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS



WARNING

Always check to be sure that the parking brake has been disengaged before operating the ATV. An accident could result causing severe injury if the parking brake is left on while the ATV is operated.

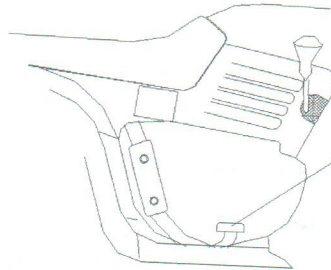
Auxiliary Brake



WARNING

Use caution when applying the auxiliary brake. Do not aggressively apply the auxiliary brake when going forward or the rear wheels may skid and slide sideways causing loss of control.

NOTE: Auxiliary brake system will be as effective as the rear wheels system in 2WD mode. It will cause braking at both front and rear wheels in the 4WD mode.



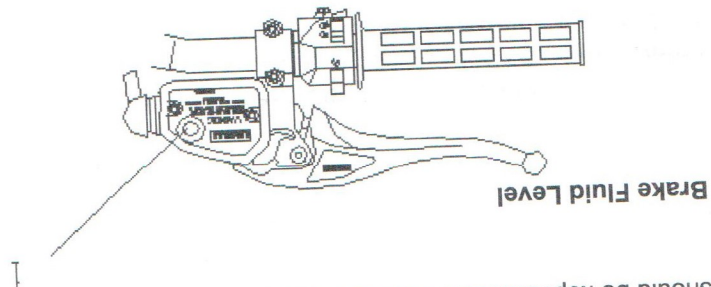
Auxiliary brake pedal

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Your ATV has an auxiliary brake provided as a safety feature. It is located on the inside of the right floor board and is operated by the right foot. It is intended as a backup to the main brake system, especially if the main system becomes inoperative.

If the rear wheels slide, reduce brake pedal pressure to brake the rear wheels without skidding. Aggressively applying the rear brake when backing down a hill may cause rear tip over.

It will be necessary to check the brake fluid level for the auxiliary brake system. The reservoir is located near the foot brake. The fluid should be kept between the maximum and minimum marks.



Top Window

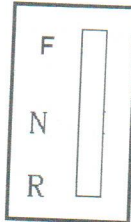
The brake fluid in the master cylinder, which is located on the left handlebar, should be checked before each side. There is an indicator window (1) on the top of the master cylinder. This window will appear dark when the fluid level is full. When fluid needs to be added, the window will be clear. NOTE: When checking the fluid level, the ATV must be on level ground and the handlebars must be straight. If the fluid level is low add DOT 3 only.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

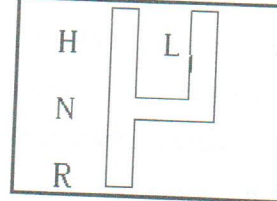
On some models, there is a "side window", the fluid level can be seen through it, and should be maintained between the indicated "max" and "min" marks on the reservoir.

Automatic Transmission Gear Selector Operation

150cc/200cc



260cc/300cc



The transmission gear selector is located on the right side of the vehicle. The transmission selector lever has four (260cc/300cc)/ three (150cc/200cc) positions: high forward; reverse; neutral; and low forward (only 260cc/300cc).

NOTE(for 260cc/300cc): **To extend belt life, use low forward gear in heavy pulling situations and in situations where you are operating below 7mph(11km/h) for extended periods of time.**



CAUTION

To change gears, stop the vehicle and with the engine idling, move the lever to the desired gear. Shifting gears with the engine speed above idle or while the vehicle is moving could cause transmission damage.

Always place the transmission in gear with the parking brake locked whenever the vehicle is left unattended. Maintaining shift linkage adjustment is important to assure proper transmission function. Should you experience any shifting problem see your dealer.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS



WARNING

POTENTIAL HAZARD (for 260cc/300cc)

Engaging a lower gear when the engine speed is too high.

WHAT CAN HAPPEN

The wheels could stop rotating. This could cause loss of control, an accident and injury. It could also cause engine or drive train damage.

HOW TO AVOID THE HAZARD

Make certain the engine has sufficiently slowed before shifting to a lower gear.

Engine Cooling System

(for 260cc/300cc)

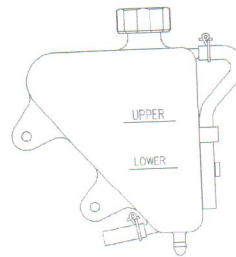
Coolant Level

The recovery bottle, located the left of the frame, must be maintained between the

minimum and levels indicated on the recovery bottle.

The engine coolant level is controlled or maintained by the recovery system. The recovery system components are the recovery bottle, radiator filler neck, radiator pressure cap and connecting hose.

As coolant operating temperature increases, the expanding (heated) excess coolant is forced out of the radiator past the pressure cap and into the recovery bottle. As engine coolant temperature decreases, the contracting (cooled) coolant is drawn back up from the tank past the pressure cap and into the radiator.



7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

NOTE: Some coolant level drop on new machines is normal as the system is purging itself of trapped air. Observe coolant levels and maintain as recommended by adding coolant to the recovery bottle. We recommends the use of a 50/50 mixture of high quality aluminum compatible anti-freeze coolant and distilled water.

NOTE: Always follow the manufacturer's mixing recommendations for the freeze protection required in your area.

Cooling System(for 260cc/300cc)

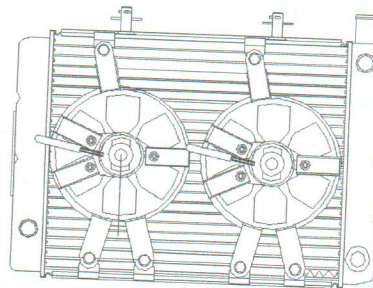


WARNING

Never remove the pressure cap when the engine is warm or hot. Escaping steam can cause severe burns. The engine must be cool before removing the pressure cap.

Radiator Coolant Level Inspection

NOTE: This procedure is only required if the cooling system has been drained for maintenance and/or repair. However, if the recovery bottle has run dry, the level in the radiator should be inspected and coolant added if necessary.



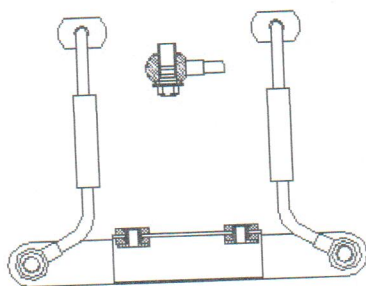
NOTE: Use of a non-standard pressure cap will not allow the

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

recovery system to function properly. If the cap should need replacement contact your dealer for the correct replacement part. To insure that the coolant maintains its ability to protect the engine, it is recommended that the system be completely drain every two years and a fresh mixture of antifreeze and water be added.

Using a funnel, slowly add coolant as necessary through the radiator filler neck.

Oil Cooling System(for 200cc)



NOTE:Check oil cooling system for leakage. Replace the gasket with a new one if so. In case of failure, replace the whole system.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Fuel and Oil system



WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions.

- Always exercise extreme caution whenever handling gasoline.
 - Always refuel with the engine stopped and outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
 - Do not smoke or allow open flames or sparks in or near the area where refueling is performed or where gasoline is stored.
 - Do not over fill the tank. Do not fill the tank neck.
 - If you get gasoline on your skin or clothing, immediately wash it off with soap and water and change clothing.
 - Never start the engine or let it run in an enclosed area. Gasoline powered engine exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death in a short time.
 - Shut off fuel valve whenever the ATV is stored or parked.
-



WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known, in certain quantities, to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

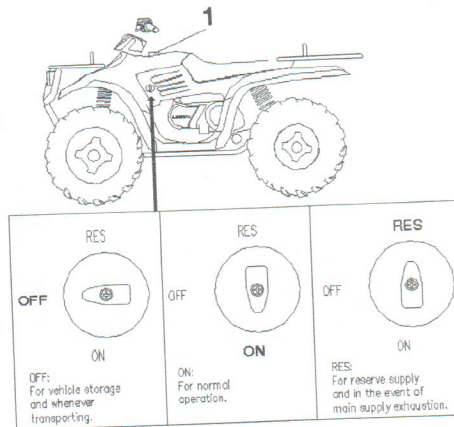
Fuel and Oil System

Fuel System

The fuel tank filler cap (1) is located directly behind the handlebar.

Refer to your owner's Manual for tank capacity.

Use regular unleaded gasoline.



The fuel valve is located on the left side of the front fender and has three positions:

OFF: For vehicle storage and whenever transporting.

ON: For normal operation.

RES: For reserve supply in the event of main supply exhaustion.

NOTE: here is about a 6 mile (10km) range on reserve gas. Always refill the gas tank as soon as possible after having used reserve supply.

Always return valve to "on" position after refueling machine.

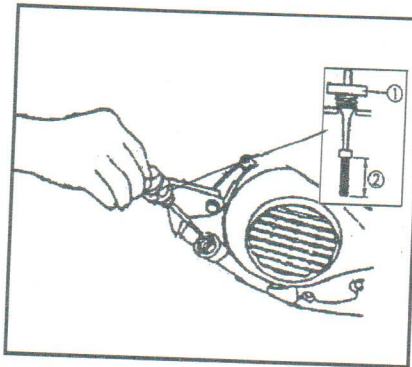
Fuel filter

The filter should be replaced by your dealer every 100 hours of operation or annually. Do not attempt to clean the fuel filter. The filter is on the fuel valve in the tank.

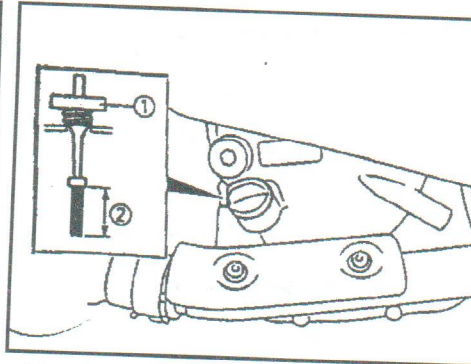
7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

Oil System

150cc/200cc



260cc/300cc



The oil tank is located on the right side of the engine .

To check the oil:

1. Set machine on a level surface.
2. Start the engine and let it idle for 20-30 seconds.
3. Stop the engine, remove dipstick (1) and wipe dry with a clean cloth.
4. Put dipstick into the oil tank (don't screw in it), remove it and read the oil level.
5. Remove dipstick and check to see that the oil level is between the full and add marks(2). Add oil as indicated by the level on the dipstick. Do not overfill.



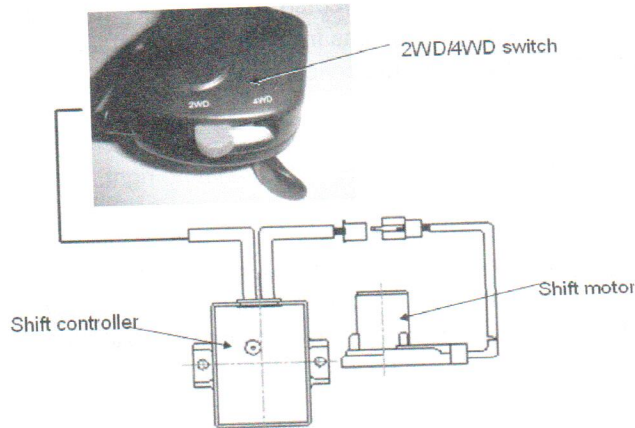
CAUTION

Use only SAE 15W/40, SG OIL. Never substitute or mix oil brands. Serious engine damage and voiding of warranty can result.

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

4 Wheel Drive System (4WD only for 260cc/300cc 4X4 model)

Electric 2WD- 4WD Shift



CAUTION:

Always shift as the vehicle stop.

NOTE:

When shift 2WD/ 4WD, the mechanics in the front gear box maybe still engaged/ disengaged, the mechanics would finally disengaged/ engaged when rides on a hard surface or rides in reverse.

The buzzer will beep if the procedure which list above is not done in 1 minute.

Re-shift to stop the buzzer.



CAUTION

Do not switch on 4WD if the rear wheels are spinning. This may cause severe machine damage. When switch on 4WD, the button will stay

7. CONTROL AND PARTS FUNCTIONS

in 4WD position but 4WD mechanics maybe still disengaged. Always apply throttle gently and let the wheels move slightly to allow the 4WD mechanics finally engage. The 4WD indicator on the speedometer will come on when 4WD engaged.

WARNING:

Extreme heavy steering is a symptom of malfunction of front gearcase (differential), loss of control could result, even in 2WD position. If you experience any symptoms from the steering, take the ATV to your dealer for inspection and service.

NOTE:

Steering effort increase but remains balanced from left to right.

WARNING

Asymmetrical heavy steering is a symptom of malfunction of one side inner or outer CV joints, loss of control could result, even in 2WD position. If you experience any symptoms from the steering, take the ATV to your dealer for inspection and service.

WARNING

You must inspect your ATV each time before riding to ensure it is in proper working order. If proper inspection is not done, severe injury or death could result.

Pre-ride inspection

You can tell if malfunctions in one side CV joints by pulling the handlebar to one side or riding the ATV in low speed. Steering remains balanced from left to right in 2WD and 4WD positions..

8.STARTING THE ENGINE

Procedure for Starting a Cold Engine



WARNING

Never run an engine in an enclosed area. Carbon monoxide exhaust gas is poisonous and can cause severe injury or death. Always start engines outdoors.



CAUTION

You must allow your vehicle adequate warm up time before operating or engine damage could result.

1. Place the transmission in neutral and reset the parking brake.
2. Turn the fuel tank valve to ON.
3. Sit on the vehicle.
4. Turn the engine stop switch to RUN.
5. Turn the ignition key to ON, apply the brake lever and press the starter button.
6. Do not press the throttle more than 20% while starting the engine.
7. Activate the starter for a maximum of five seconds, releasing the button when the vehicle starts. If engine does not start, release the starter for another five seconds. Repeat this procedure until engine starts.



CAUTION

150cc 260cc and 300cc ATV only equipped with an electric start system. If the battery is under charging, the ATV will not run. 200cc is also available a recoil start system.

8.STARTING THE ENGINE

Using the Recoil Starter

The recoil starter is used to start the engine when the battery is low (**but must more than 8 Volt**).

To operate the recoil starter:

1. Grasp the starter grip firmly, when pull it out slowly approximately 4 in (100 mm).
2. Pull the grip up briskly and fully.
3. After the engine starts, allow the starter grip to return slowly.



CAUTION

This ATV is equipped with a recoil starter. But its engine is equipped with a battery ignition system. If the battery is under 8 Volt, the engine will not start.



CAUTION

Some resistance should be perceived when pulling gently the starter cord. To start the engine, give a rapid pull at the cord, being careful of a kickback in reverse as severe injury may result.

9. VEHICLE BREAK-IN PERIOD

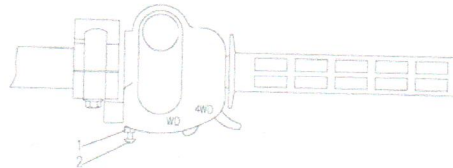
The break-in period for your new ATV is defined as the first 50 hours of operation. No single action on your part is as important as a proper break in period. Careful treatment of new engine will result in more efficient performance and longer life for the engine. Perform the following procedures carefully.



CAUTION

do not operate at full throttle or high speeds for extended periods during the break-in period. Excessive heat can build up and cause damage to close fitted engine parts.

**Please set a limit to
half throttle during
the break-in periods.**



1. Locknut 2. Adjuster

-
1. Fill fuel tank.
 2. Check oil reservoir level indicated on dipstick. Add oil if necessary.
 3. Drive slowly at first. Select an area which is open and will give you room to familiarize yourself with vehicle operation and handling.
 4. Vary the throttle positions. Do not operate at sustained idle.
 5. Perform regular checks on fluid levels, controls and all important areas on the vehicle as outlined earlier on the daily pre-ride inspection checklist found in "4.daily pre-ride inspection".
 6. Don't pull loads.
 7. Break in oil and filter. Change at 20 hours or 500 miles/800km.

10. RIDING GEAR

Safe Riding Gear

Always wear clothing suitable to the type of riding you are doing. ATV riding requires special protective clothing which will make you feel more comfortable and reduce chances of injury.

1. Helmet

Your helmet is the most important piece of protective gear for safe riding. A helmet can prevent a severe head injury.

Select an approved helmet.

2. Eye Protection

A pair of goggles or helmet face shield offer the best protection for your eyes.

3. Gloves (off-road style)

4. Boots

A pair of strong over the calf type boots with heels, such as mo-to-cross boots.

5. Clothing

To protect your body, long sleeves and pants should always be worn. Riding pants with kneepads, a jersey and shoulder pads provide the best protection.

11. CARRYING LOADS

Your ATV has been designed to carry a certain amount of load. CARGO WEIGHT should be evenly distributed (1/3 on the front and 2/3 on the rear) and mounted as low as possible. When operating over rough or hilly terrain, reduce speed and cargo to maintain stable driving conditions. Never exceed the weights specified in your Owner's Manual.

Maximum trailer weight	Maximum hitch	150/200cc	260cc/300cc
		230 lbs (100kg)	450 lbs (200kg)
		14 lbs (6kg)	25 lbs (11kg)

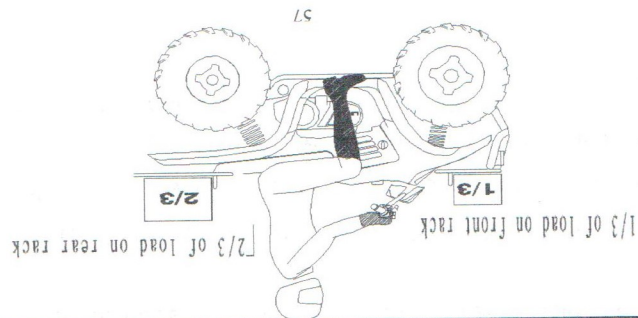
Improper loading of the front rack can obstruct the headlight beam, reducing Light visibility. Do not obstruct the headlight beam with cargo.

Use of low forward gear (260cc/300cc only) is recommended in heavy pulling situations to extend belt life.

WARNING



Correct loading of this vehicle is necessary to maintain proper stability and operating characteristics. Overloading or incorrect positioning of the load affects the vehicle's turning, stopping distance and stability. Failure to follow loading requirements could cause severe injury or death.



11. CARRYING LOADS

Important Safeguards

To reduce risk of injury or machine damage when carrying loads, read and follow the warnings listed below:

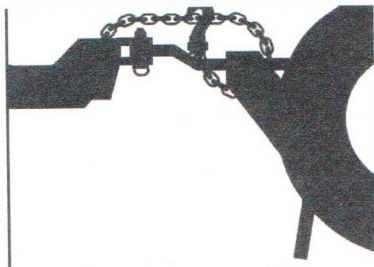
- REDUCE SPEED AND ALLOW GREATER DISTANCE FOR BRAKING WHEN CARRYING CARGO.
- CARGO WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION should be 1/3 on the front rack and 2/3 on the rear rack. When operating over rough or hilly terrain, reduce speed and cargo to maintain stable driving conditions. Carrying loads on one rack only increases the possibility of vehicle tip over.
- HEAVY LOADS CAN CAUSE BRAKING AND CONTROL PROBLEMS. Use extreme caution when applying brakes with a loaded vehicle. Avoid terrain or situations which may require backing downhill.
- ALL LOADS MUST BE SECURED BEFORE MOVING VEHICLE. Unsecured loads can create unstable operating condition, which could result in loss of control of vehicle.
- LOADS MUST BE CARRIED AS LOW ON THE RACKS AS POSSIBLE. Carrying loads high on the racks raises the center of gravity of the vehicle and creates a less stable operating condition. When cargo loads are carried high on the racks, the weight of the loads must be reduced to maintain stable operating conditions.
- OPERATE ONLY WITH STABLE AND SAFELY ARRANGED LOADS. Avoid handling off-centered loads which cannot be centered. Always attach the tow load to the hitch point designated for your ATV.

11. CARRYING LOADS

- EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE USED. Avoid operating with loads extending over the rack sides. Stability and maneuverability may be adversely affected, causing the vehicle to overturn.
- DO NOT BLOCK THE HEADLIGHT/TAILLIGHT AND THE REFLECTORS when carrying loads on the racks.
- DO NOT TRAVEL FASTER THAN THE RECOMMENDED SPEEDS. Vehicle should never exceed 10 mph (16km/h) while towing a load on a level grass surface. Vehicle speed should never exceed 5 mph(8km/h) when towing loads in rough terrain, while cornering, or while ascending or descending a hill

Use A Safety Chain

- A safety chain will help control drawn machinery should it separate from the tractor drawbar.
- Use a chain with the strength rating equal to or greater than the gross weight of the towed machinery.
- Attach the chain to the tractor drawbar support or other specified anchor location. Allow only enough slack in the chain to permit turning.
- Do not use safety chain for towing.



12. RIDING



WARNING

The engine rpm limiter will work at 7500rpm, this may cause excessive fuel to build in the exhaust, and ignited by the catalyst in the muffler, MAY RESULT IN THE MUFFLERS OVERHEATING AND FIRE RISK.

Always reduce throttle when the engine reach top rpm, avoid the engine popping.



WARNING

You must inspect you ATV each time before riding to ensure it is in proper working order. If proper inspection is not done, severe injury or death could result.

See "4.DAILY PRE-RIDE INSPECTION"

1. Sit upright with both feet on footrests and both hand on the handlebars.
2. After starting the engine and allowing it to warm up, shift the transmission into gear.
3. Check your surroundings and determine your path of travel.
4. Release the parking brake.
5. Slowly depress the throttle with your right thumb and begin driving .Vehicle speed is controlled by the amount of throttle opening.
6. Drive slowly, practice maneuvering and using the throttle and brakes on level surfaces.

12. RIDING

Making turns

Practice making turns at slow speeds

This ATV is equipped with a solid rear axle which drives both rear wheels equally at all times. This means that the wheel on the outside of the turn must travel a greater distance than the inside wheels when turning and the inside tire must slip traction slightly. To turn, steer in the direction of the turn leaning your upper body to the inside of the turn while supporting your weight on the outer footrest. This technique alters the balance of traction between the rear wheels allowing the turn to be made smoothly. The same leaning technique should be used for turning in reverse



WARNING

Avoid turning at sharp angles in reverse as tip over and severe injury may result.

12. RIDING

Riding on slippery surfaces

Whenever riding on slippery surface such as wet trails or loose gravel, or during cold freezing weather, special attention must be paid to prevent vehicle turnover.

Always:

1. Slow down when entering slippery areas.
2. Maintain a high level of alertness, reading the trail and avoiding quick, sharp turns which can cause skids.
3. Correct a skid by turning the handlebars in the direction of the skid and shifting your body weight forward.
4. Never apply brakes during a skid. Complete loss of ATV control can result.
5. Do not operate on excessively slippery surfaces.
6. Always reduce speed and use additional caution.



WARNING

Failure to exercise care when operating the ATV on slippery

Surfaces can be dangerous.

Loss of tire traction and vehicle control can result in an accident, including an overturn.

12. RIDING

Traveling Uphill



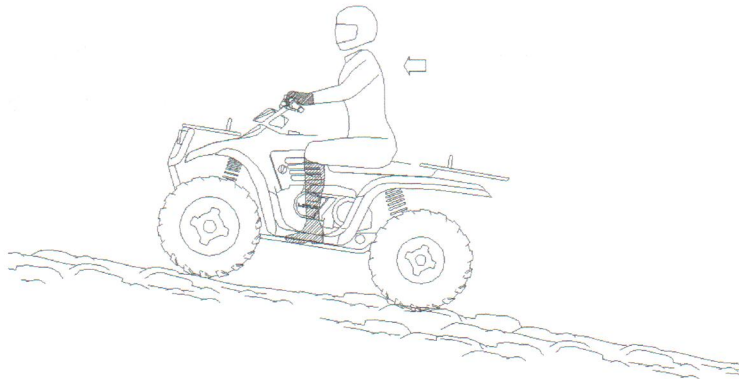
WARNING

Exercise extreme caution when traveling in hilly terrain.

Braking and handling are greatly affected. Loss of vehicle control or overturning of the ATV could occur causing severe injury or death.

Whenever traveling uphill always travel straight uphill and:

1. Avoid steep hills (15% maximum).
2. Keep both feet on the footrests.
3. Transfer you weight forward.
4. Proceed at a steady rate of speed and throttle opening.
5. Remain alert and be prepared to take emergency action. This may include quick dismounting of the ATV.



12. RIDING

Sidehilling

Side hilling your ATV is one of the most dangerous types of riding and should be avoided. If you do enter into a situation where sidehilling is necessary, always:

1. Slow down.
2. Lean into the hill transferring your upper body weight toward the hill while keeping your feet on the footrests.
3. Steer slightly into the hill to maintain vehicle directions.

If vehicle begins to tip, quickly turn the front wheel downhill, if possible, or dismount on the uphill side immediately!



WARNING

Improperly crossing hills or turning on hills can be dangerous. Loss of vehicle control or overturning of the ATV could occur causing severe injury or death.

12. RIDING

Traveling Downhill.

Whenever descending a hill, always:

1. Drive directly downhill.
2. Transfer your weight to the rear of the vehicle.
3. Slow down.
4. Apply the brakes slightly to aid in slowing.

Familiarize yourself with the auxiliary rear brake pedal and its use in the event loss of normal service brakes occurs.



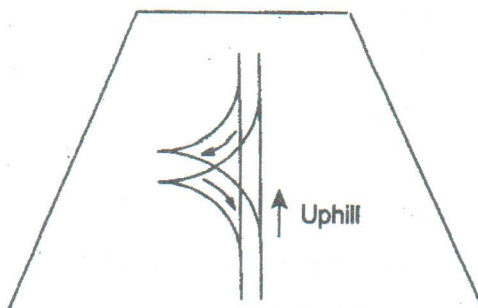
WARNING

Do not travel at excessive speeds. It is dangerous and can cause loss of vehicle control and tipping, resulting in severe injury or death.



12. RIDING

Turning Around On a Hill



If the ATV stalls while climbing a hill, never back it down the hill! One maneuver which can be used when it is necessary to turn around while climbing a hill is the K-turn.

1. Stop and lock the parking brake while maintaining body weight uphill.
2. Leave transmission in forward and shut off engine.
3. Dismount on left or uphill side of ATV.
4. Staying uphill of ATV, turn handlebars full left (while facing front of ATV).
5. While holding service brake, release parking brake lock and slowly allow ATV to roll around to your right until ATV is pointing across the hill or slightly downward.
6. Lock the parking brake and remount ATV from the uphill side, maintaining body weight uphill.
7. Restart engine with transmission still in forward, release parking brake, and proceed slowly, controlling speed with the service brake, until ATV is on reasonably level ground.



WARNING

Avoid climbing steep hills. Loss of vehicle control or overturning of the ATV could occur resulting in severe injury or death.

12. RIDING

Crossing Streams

Your ATV can operate through water up to maximum recommended depths is 8 inch. Before fording streams always:

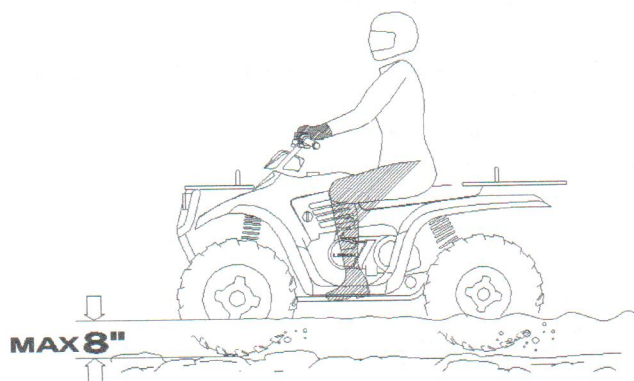
1. Determine water depths and current.
2. Choose a crossing where both banks have gradual inclines.
3. Proceed slowly, avoiding rocks and obstacles if possible.
4. After crossing, dry the brakes by applying light pressure to the lever until braking action is normal.



CAUTION

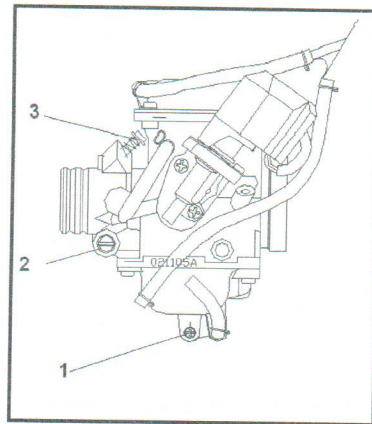
Never operating the ATV through deep or fast flowing water.

NOTE: After running the vehicle in water, it is critical your machine is serviced as outlined in the maintenance chart see "16.maintenance".The following areas need special attention: engine oil, transmission oil, rear gearcase, and all grease fittings.

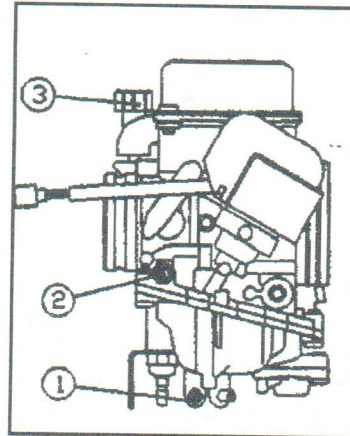


12. RIDING

150cc/200cc



260cc/300cc



CAUTION

If your ATV becomes immersed, take it to your dealer before starting the engine. Major engine damage can result if the machining is not thoroughly inspected.

If it is impossible to take it to a dealer before starting, follow the steps outlined below.

- Move the ATV to dry land or at the very least, to water depth not more than 8 inch (200mm).
- Turn the fuel valve to "OFF".
- Remove the spark plug.
- Loosen the carburetor drain screw (1)
- Turn the engine over several times with electric start.
- Dry the spark plug and reinstall or replace with a new plug.
- Tighten the carburetor drain screw(1)

12. RIDING

- Turn the fuel valve to "ON".
- Attempt to start the engine. If necessary repeat the "drying" procedure.
- Take the machine to your dealer for service as soon as possible whether you succeed in starting it or not.

If water has been ingested into the CVT system, take the ATV to your dealer for service as soon as possible

12. RIDING

Trail Obstacles

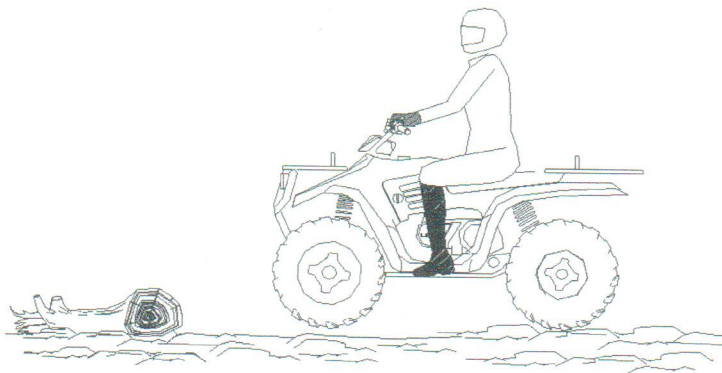
Keep Alert!

Look ahead and learn to read the trail as you ride. Stay on the right side of the trail, if possible, and be constantly alert for hazards such as logs, rocks and low hanging branches.



WARNING

Not all obstacles are visible. Travel with caution on trails severe injury or death can vehicle comes in contact with a hidden obstacle.



12. RIDING



WARNING

Backing your ATV can be dangerous!

You could hit an obstacle or person behind you; or the vehicle could tip over rearward on a steep incline causing severe injury or death.

Backing up

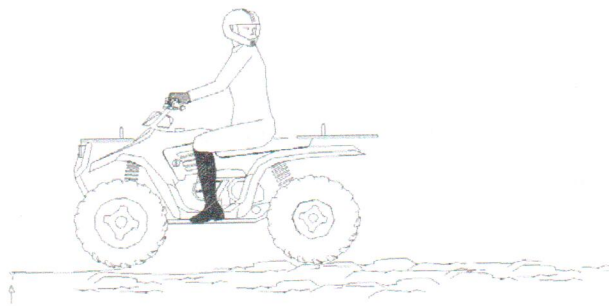
1. Avoid backing up on steep inclines.
2. Always back slowly.
3. When in reverse, apply the brakes lightly for stopping.
4. Avoid turning at sharp angles in reverse.
5. Never open the throttle suddenly while backing.

NOTE: This ATV is equipped with a reverse speed limiter. Do not operate at wide open throttle. Only open the throttle enough to maintain a desired speed.



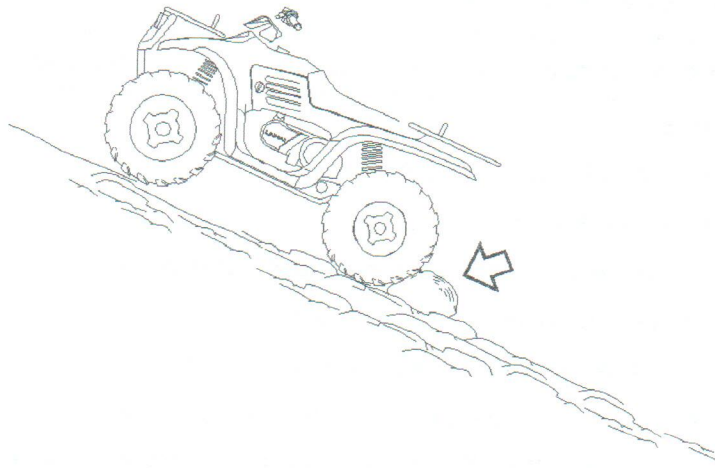
WARNING

Opening the throttle more than required may cause excessive fuel to build in the exhaust, and ignited by the catalyst in the muffler, MAY RESULT IN THE MUFFLERS OVERHEATING AND FIRE RISK.
Never ride with engine popping more than 1 minutes.



12. RIDING

Parking on an incline



Whenever the vehicle is parked

1. Turn the engine off.
2. Place the transmission in gear.
3. Set the parking brake.
4. Shut off fuel supply.
5. Avoid parking on an incline. If it is necessary to park on an incline, always block the rear wheels on the down hill side as shown above.
6. Do not leave the ATV on a hill depending on the parking brake for more than five minutes.

13. CVT SYSTEM

CVT System



WARNING

The 260cc/300cc CVT system rotates at high speeds, creating large amounts of force on clutch components. However, as the owner you have the following responsibilities to make sure this system remains safe:

- Do not modify any component of the CVT system. Doing so may reduce its strength so that a failure may occur at high speeds. Any modification will cause the system to be out of balance, creating vibration and additional loads on components.
- Routine maintenance is the responsibility of the owner. Always follow recommended maintenance procedures. See your dealer!
- The CVT housing must be securely in place during operation.

Failure to comply with this warning can result in severe injury or death.

Low Range Use May Reduce CVT (for 260cc/300cc)

Operating Temperatures

The basic operation of the CVT system is dependent on engine speed and vehicle torque requirements. As engine speed increased, the force exerted on the movable drive sheave by the fly-weights also increases. This, in turn, increases the amount of "pinch" applied to the drive belt. Similarly, if the engine speed decreases, the amount of centrifugal force decreases, reducing the amount of belt "pinch."

13. CVT SYSTEM

CVT System

On 260cc/300cc ATV, the approximate gear ratio difference between high and low range is 1:2.05. This difference in gearing affects the operation of the CVT, especially at speeds less than 7 MPH, due to the system's dependence on engine speed.

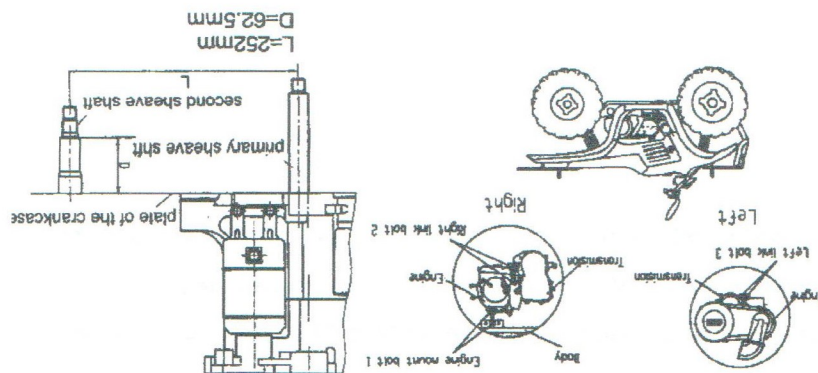
By switching to low range while operating at low ground speeds, the air temperature in the clutch will be reduced. Reducing the temperature inside the clutch cover extends the life of the CVT components (belt, cover, etc.).

Adjust the center distance of the CVT (260cc/300cc only):

1. Remove crankcase filter cover, cover protector and crankcase cover.
2. Loosen the left link bolts③, right link bolts② and engine mounting bolts ①.
3. Adjust the supporting bolt and measure the size L,D;
4. Tighten the engine mounting bolts ①, right link bolts ② and left link bolts③;
5. Install crankcase filter cover, cover protector and crankcase cover.

NOTE:

1. Never operate the engine when adjusting the CVT;
2. The adjustment of the CVT must be done by your dealer.



13. CVT SYSTEM (for 260cc/300cc)

When To Use Low Range(260cc/300cc only)

The following lists provide a guideline for when to use low range rather than high.

Low Range

- Basic operation at speeds less than 7 MPH (11km/h)
- Heavy pulling
- Riding through rough terrain (swamps, mountains, etc.)at low ground speeds

High Range:

- Basic operation at speeds greater than 7 MPH (11km/h)
- High ground speeds

14. BATTERY

Battery



WARNING

Whenever removing the battery, disconnect the negative (black) cable first. When reinstalling the battery, connect the negative (black) cable last or an explosive situation could result causing serious injury or death.



WARNING

Battery electrolyte is poisonous. It contains sulfuric acid. Serious burns can result from contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Antidote:

External: Flush with water.

Internal: Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Call physician immediately.

Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.

Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes, etc. away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space. Always shield eyes when working near batteries. **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.**

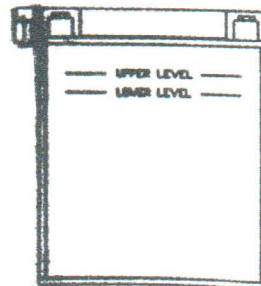
Replenishing the Battery Fluid(260cc/300cc only)

(MF battery does not required refill)

A poorly maintained battery will deteriorate rapidly. Check the battery fluid level often. The fluid level should be kept between the upper and lower level marks.

To refill use only distilled water.

Tap water contains minerals which are harmful to a battery.



14. BATTERY

Battery Removal

1. Disconnect hold down straps holding the electrical box and battery in position and remove battery cover.
2. Remove the battery vent tube from the battery.
3. Disconnect the black (negative) battery cable first.
4. Disconnect the red(positive) battery cable next.
5. Lift the battery out of the ATV, being careful not to tip it sideways and spill electrolyte.



CAUTION

If electrolyte spills, immediately wash it off with a solution of one tablespoon baking soda and one cup water to prevent damage to the ATV.

Battery Installation and Connections



WARNING

To avoid the possibility of explosion, always connect battery cables in the order specified. Red (positive) cable first; black (negative) cable last. An exploding battery can cause serious injury or death.

Battery terminals and connections should be kept free of corrosion. If cleaning is necessary, remove the corrosion with a stiff wire brush. Wash with a solution of one tablespoon baking soda and one cup water. Rinse well with tap water and dry off with clean rags. Coat the terminals with dielectric grease or petroleum jelly. Be careful not to allow cleaning solution or tap water into the battery.

14. BATTERY

1. Set the battery in its holder.
2. Install the battery vent tube. It must be free from obstructions and securely installed. If not, battery gases could accumulate and cause an explosion. The tube should be routed away from the frame and body to prevent corrosion. Avoid skin contact with electrolyte, severe burns could result.
3. First connect and tighten the red (positive) cable.
4. Second connect and tighten the black (negative) cable.
5. Reinstall battery cover and attach the hold down strap.
6. Verify that cables are properly routed.

NOTE:

- When you ATV is placed in storage for one months or more, the battery should be removed, charged to proper level, and stored in a cool dry place.
 - Before reusing, take the battery to your dealer for testing and recharging.
- Power plug leads may need to be bent down so that battery cover may be installed.
- When installing a new battery, make certain it is fully charged prior to its initial use. Using a new battery that has not been fully charged can damage the battery resulting in a shorter life of the battery. It can also hinder vehicle performance.



CAUTION

Your ATV is equipped with a 14Ah (260cc/300cc) / 9Ah (150cc and 200cc) Battery. This may not be sufficient to provide power for optional equipment. When installing optional equipment please upgrade your battery as necessary. See your dealer for the proper battery.

15. EXHAUST SYSTEM

SYSTEM REGULATION

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED!

CAUTION: Exhaust system components are very hot during and

after use of ATV.

● Do not touch exhaust system components. Serious burns can

result.

● Be especially careful when traveling through tall grass. The

potential for fire exists

Spark Arrestor

The exhaust pipe must be periodically purged of accumulated

carbon as follows:

1. Remove the arrestor screw ① located on the bottom of the

muffler, pull out the arrestor (the mesh) ②.

2. Clean the arrestor or replace it.

WARNING



When cleaning the spark arrestor, you must follow the safe guards

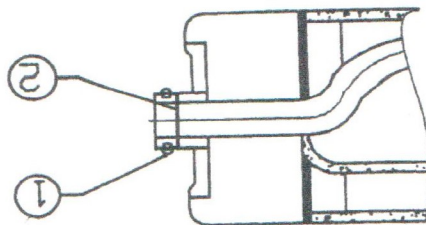
listed below to avoid serious injury.

● Do not perform this operation immediately after the engine has

been run because the exhaust system becomes very hot.

● Keep combustible materials away from exhaust system. Fire

may result.



15. EXHAUST SYSTEM

Catalyst

There is catalyst inside the muffler on all Europe models and some U.S. models.



WARNING

The engine rpm limiter will work at 7500rpm, this may cause excessive fuel to build in the exhaust, and ignited by the catalyst in the muffler, MAY RESULT IN THE MUFFLERS OVERHEATING AND FIRE RISK.

Always reduce throttle when the engine reach top rpm, avoid the engine popping.

16. MAINTENANCE



CAUTION

Due to the nature of the adjustments marked with a D on the following chart, it is recommended that service be performed by an authorized dealer.

- More often under severe use, such as dirty or wet conditions to purge water or dirt contamination from grease fittings and other critical components.

Periodic Maintenance Schedule

Careful periodic maintenance will help keep your vehicle in the safest, most reliable condition. Inspection, adjustment and lubrication intervals of important components are explained in the following chart on the following pages.

Maintenance intervals are based upon average riding conditions and an average vehicle speed of approximately 10 miles per hour. Vehicles subjected to severe use, such as operation in wet or dusty areas, should be inspected and serviced more frequently.

Inspect, clean, lubricate, adjust or replace parts as necessary.

NOTE: Inspection may reveal the need for replacement parts. Always use genuine parts available from your dealer.

Service and adjustments are critical. If you are not familiar with safe service and adjustment procedures, have a qualified dealer perform these operations.

16. MAINTENANCE

	Item	Hours	When	Remarks
	Brake System	Pre-ride	Pre-ride	Pre-ride inspection item
	Auxiliary Brake	Pre-ride	Pre-ride	Pre-ride inspection item
	Tires	Pre-ride	Pre-ride	Inspect daily, pre-ride inspection item
	Wheels	Pre-ride	Pre-ride	Pre-ride inspection item
	Frame nuts, bolts fasteners	Pre-ride	Pre-ride	Pre-ride inspection item
●	Air Filter-Pre-Cleaner	Daily	Daily	Inspect-Clean
	Coolant/Level Inspection	Daily	Daily	Replace engine coolant Every one year
●	Air Box Sediment Tube	Daily	Daily	Drain deposits whenever visible
	Headlamp Inspection	Daily	Daily	Check operation daily; apply dielectric grease to connector when replaced
	Tail / indicator lamp inspection	Daily	Daily	Check operation daily; apply dielectric grease to socket when replaced
●	Air Filter-Main Element	Weekly	Weekly	Inspect –Replace if necessary

	Item	Hours	When	Remarks
●	Transmission Oil Level	20 hrs	Monthly	Inspect monthly; change annually
	Battery	20 hrs	Monthly	Check/clean Terminals; check fluid level
D	Brake pad wear	10 hrs	Monthly	Inspect periodically
●	Rear Gear case Oil	100 hrs	Monthly	Check monthly and change annually
●	Front Gear case Oil (Only for 4WD)	100 hrs	Monthly	Check monthly and change annually
	Engine Cylinder Head and Cylinder Base Fasteners	25 hrs	3 months	Inspect (re-torque required at first service only)
●	General Lubrication	50 hrs	3 months	Lubricate all fittings, pivots, cables, etc.

16. MAINTENANCE

	Item	Hours	When	Remarks
●	Engine Oil-Level/Change	30 hrs	3 months	Check Level Daily; Break in Service at 1 month. Change oil more often in cold weather use.
●	Oil Filter	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect-clean
	Engine breather hose	100 hrs	6 months	Inspect
	Carburetor Float Bowl	50 hrs	6 months	Drain bowl periodically and prior to storage
D	Throttle Cable	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect –adjust, lubricate, replace if necessary; pre-ride inspection item
	Coolant strength	100 hrs	6 months	Inspect strength seasonally
	Shift linkage	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect, adjust
D	Drive belt	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect, replace if necessary
●	Steering	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect daily, lubricate
●	Rear Axle	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect bearings, Lube
●	Front Suspension	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect-lubricate, tighten fasteners
●	Rear Suspension	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect, tighten fasteners
	Spark Plug	100 hrs	12 months	Inspect-replace if necessary
D	Ignition Timing	100 hrs	12 months	Inspect and adjust as needed

	Item	Hours	When	Remarks
D	Fuel System	100 hrs	12 months	Check for leaks at tank cap, lines, fuel valve, filter, and carburetor. Replace lines every one year
D	Fuel Filter	100 hrs	12 months	Replace annually

16. MAINTENANCE

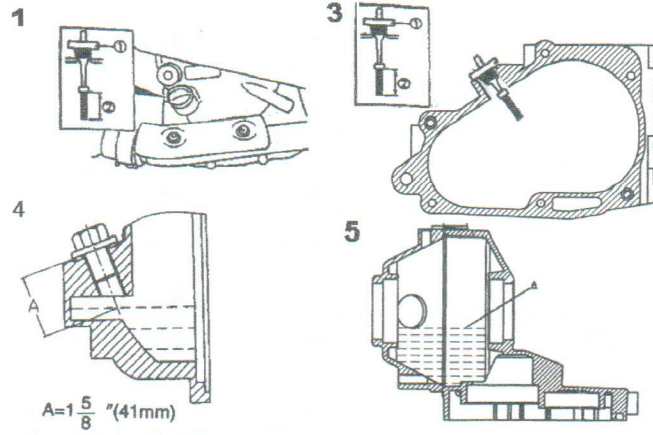
	Item	Hours	When	Remove
	Radiator (for 260cc/300cc)	100 hrs	12 months	Inspect/clean external surface
	Oil Radiator (for 200cc)			
	Cooling System hoses(for 260cc/300cc)	50 hrs	6 months	Inspect/replace if necessary
	Cooling System hoses (for 200cc)			
	Spark arrestor	10 hrs	monthly	Clean out-replace if necessary
D	Clutches (drive and driven)	25 hrs	3 months	Inspect, clean
	Engine mounts	25 hrs	3 months	Inspect
D	Valve clearance	100 hrs	12 months	Inspect/adjust
D	Shift selector box(H/L/R/N) (for 260cc/300cc)	200 hrs	24 months	Change grease every two years
	Shift selector box(F/R/N) (for 150cc/ 200cc)			

16. MAINTENANCE

D	Brake fluid	200 hrs	24 months	Change every two years
	Idle Speed	As required	As required	Adjust
D	Toe adjustment	As required	As required	Periodic inspection, adjust when parts are replaced
	Headlight Aim	As required	As required	Adjust if necessary

Lubrication Recommendations

Item	Lube Rec	Method	Frequency
1. Engine Oil	SAE 15W/40SG	Add to proper level on dipstick	Check level daily
2. Brake Fluid	DOT 3 Only	Maintain level Between fill lines.	As required; change every two years or 200 hours
3. Transmissio n Oil	SAE 80W/90GL5	See "16.MAI- NTENANCE/TRAN S- MISSION LUB"	Change annually or at 100 hours
4. Rear Gear case oil	SAE 80W/90GL5	See "16.MAI- NTENANCE/Rear Gear case Lubrication"	Change annually or at 100 hours
5. Front Gear case oil (only for 260cc/300cc)	SAE 80W/90GL5	See "16.MAI- NTENANCE/Rear Gear case Lubrication"	Change annually or at 100 hours

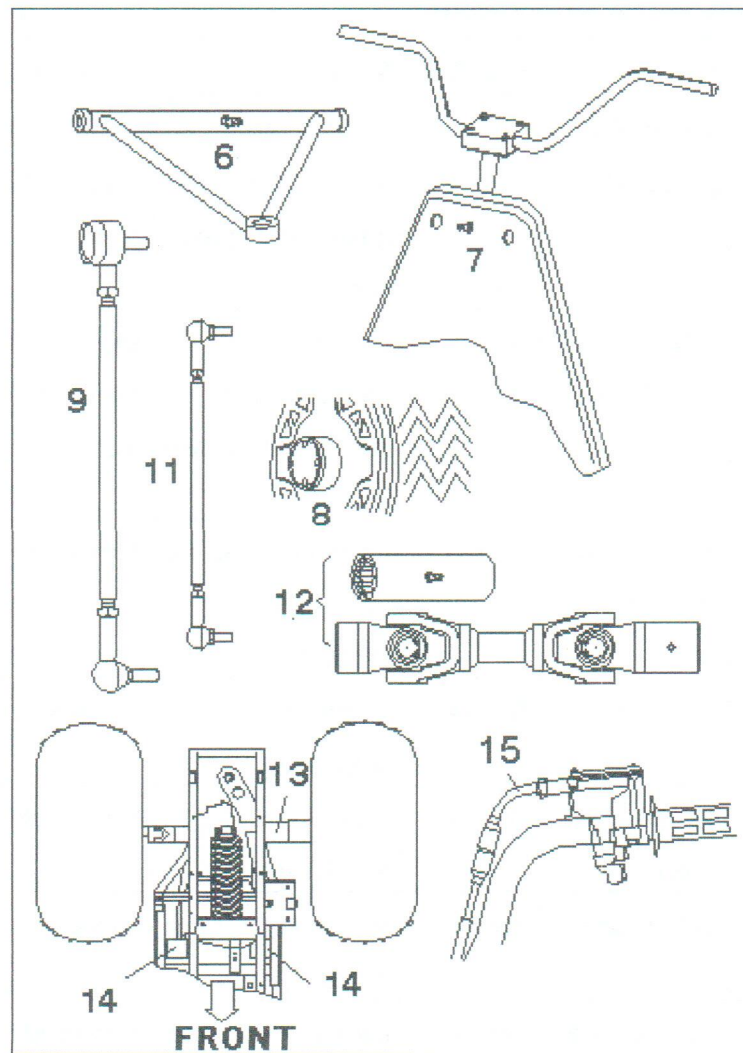


16. MAINTENANCE

Lubrication Recommendations

Item	Lube Rec	Method	Frequency
● 6. Front A-arm pivot Shaft	Grease	Locate fitting on pivot shaft and grease with grease gun	Every 3 months or 50 hours
● 7. Steering Post Bushings	Grease	Locate fitting on pivot shaft and grease with grease gun	Every 3 months or 50 hours
● 8. Front Wheel bearings	Grease	Inspect and replace bearings if necessary	Semi-annually
9. Tie rods	Grease	Locate fittings and Grease	Semi-annually
10. Shift Linkages	Grease	Locate fittings and Grease	Semi-annually
● 11. Ball joints	Inspect	Inspect and replace it if necessary	Semi-annually
● 12. Prop Shaft & Shaft Yoke	Grease	Locate fitting and Grease	Semi-annually

16. MAINTENANCE



16. MAINTENANCE

Lubrication Recommendations

●	13.Rear Axle Bearing	Grease	Locate fittings and grease	Every 3 months or 50 hours
●	14.Swing Arm Bearing	Grease	Locate fittings and grease	Monthly or 20 hours
●	15.Throttle Cable	Grease M	Grease, inspect and replace it if necessary	Monthly or 20 hours

NOTE:

1. More often under severe use, such as wet or dusty conditions .
2. Grease: Light weight lithium-soap grease.
3. Grease M: molybdenum disulfide(MoS_2) grease(water resistant).
4. *When suspension action becomes stiff or after washing.
5. Hours are based on 10 mph(16Km/h) average.

16. MAINTENANCE

Periodic Maintenance Record

Use the following chart to record periodic maintenance work:

Maintenance Interval Performed	Servicing Date	Servicing Dealer or Person	Remarks
First 5 Hrs			
10 Hrs			
15 Hrs			
20 Hrs			
25 Hrs			
50 Hrs			
75 Hrs			
100 Hrs			

16. MAINTENANCE



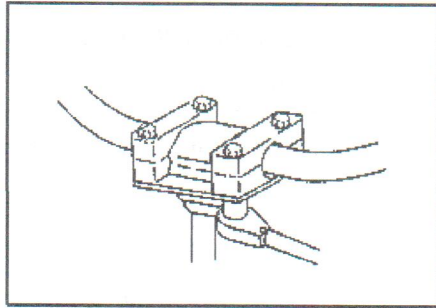
WARNING

Improper adjustment of the handlebars or incorrect torquing of the adjuster block tightening bolts can cause limited steering or loosening of the handlebars, resulting in loss of control and possible serious personal injury or death.

Handlebar Adjustment

Your ATV has handlebars which can be adjusted for your personal fit.

1. Remove the handlebar cover.
2. Loosen the four bolts.
3. Adjust handlebar to desired height. Be sure handlebars do not hit gas tank or any other part of machine when turned fully to left or right.
4. Torque handlebar adjuster block to 10-12 ft.lbs(14-16Nm).



NOTE: Tighten bolts so there is an equal gap at the front and rear of the handlebar block. Improper gap will result in improper fit of upper pod.

16. MAINTENANCE

The following items should be checked occasionally for tightness; or if they have been loosened for maintenance service.

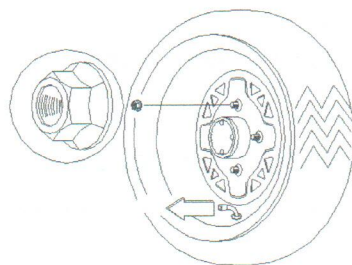
Wheel Nut Torque Specifications

Bolt Size	Specification	
Front M10X1.25	44Ft.Lbs	60N.m
Rear (STEELWHEEL) M12X1.25	50Ft.Lbs	69N.m
Rear (ALUMINIUMWHEEL) M12X1.25	69Ft.Lbs	95N.m

NOTE: All nuts that have a cotter pin installed must be serviced by an authorized Dealer.

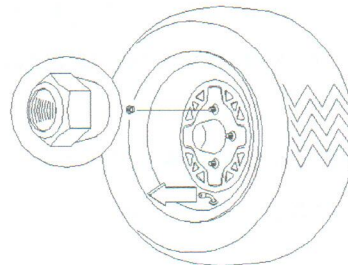
Front Wheel Hub Tightening

Front wheel bearing tightness and spindle nut retention are critical component operations. Service work must be performed by an authorized dealer.



Front

**Flange nuts: install with
Flat side against wheel**



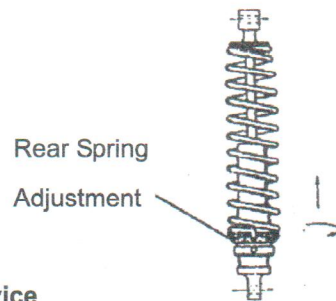
Rear

**Tapered nuts: install with
tapered side against wheel**

16. MAINTENANCE

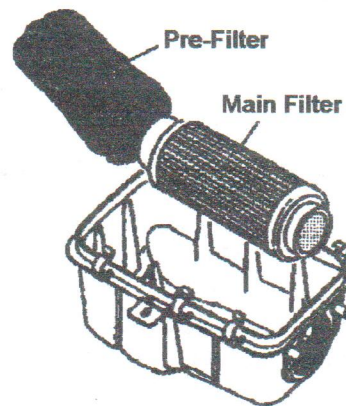
Rear Spring Adjustment

The rear shock absorber spring is adjusted by rotating the adjuster in the direction required to increase or decrease spring tension.



Air Filter Service

1. Remove seat.
2. Release clips and remove Cover.
3. Loosen clamp and remove Filter (for 260cc/300cc);
Loosen screw and remove Filter.(for 150/200cc).
4. Remove fabric type prefilter from main filter. Wash pre-filter in soapy water and dry it.
5. Reinstall pre-filter over main filter. Replace main filter as required.
6. Reinstall filter into air box and tighten clamp. Do not over tighten clamp or filter damage may occur(for 260cc/300cc).
Reinstall filter into air box and tighten screw. (for 150cc/200cc).



16. MAINTENANCE

Steering Inspection

The steering assembly of the machine should be checked periodically for loose nuts and bolts. If loose nuts and bolts are found, have your dealer tighten them before riding your vehicle.

Camber and Caster

The camber and caster are non-adjustable.



WARNING

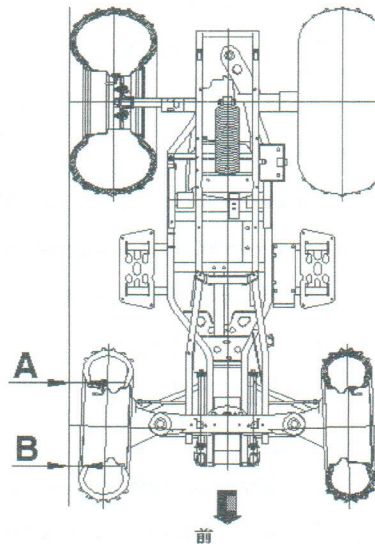
Do not attempt to adjust the tie rod for toe alignment. Severe injury or death can result from improper adjustment.

Contact your dealer. He/she has the training and tools to Make these adjustment.

Toe Alignment Check

The recommended toe alignment is 1/8" to 1/4" (3 to 6mm) toe out.

1. Set the handlebars in a Straight ahead position and Hold them in this position.
2. Measure A and B, A minus B should be 1/16" to 1/8" (1.5 to 3mm).
3. If this measurement needs to be adjusted, contact your dealer for service.



16. MAINTENANCE

Front Brake



WARNING

Once a bottle of brake fluid is opened, use what is necessary and discard the rest. Do not store or use a partial bottle of brake fluid. Brake fluid is hygroscopic, meaning it rapidly absorbs moisture from the air. This causes the boiling temperature of the brake fluid to drop, which can lead to early brake fade and the possibility of serious injury.

The front brake is hydraulic disc brakes which is depressing the brake lever on handlebar. These brakes are self-adjusting and require no adjustment.

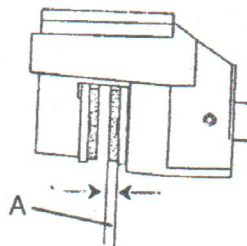
The following checks are recommended to keep the brake system in good operating condition. How often they need checking depends upon the type of driving that has been done.

- Keep fluid level in the master cylinder reservoirs as described see "7.Control and part functions". Normal functioning of the diaphragm is to extend into the reservoir as fluid level drops. If the fluid level is low and the diaphragm is not extended, a leak is indicated and the diaphragm should be replaced. Always fill the reservoir as indicated whenever the cover is loosened or removed to insure proper diaphragm operation. Use DOT 3 brake fluid.

- Check brake system for fluid leaks.
- Check brake for excessive travel
Or spongy feel.
- Check friction pads for wear, damage and loosened.
- Check security and surface condition of the disc.

- Pads should be changed when

friction material is worn to 3/64"(1mm).(A)



16. MAINTENANCE

Rear and Auxiliary Brake

Rear Brake

The rear brake is a hydraulic disc type brake which is activated by brake lever on handlebar (also the foot pedal on the side of the right floorboard). which activates the front brake system is self adjusting and requires no maintenance other than periodic checks of the pads for wear

- Pads should be changed when the friction material is worn to 3/64"(1mm).
- Inspect the brake disc spline and pad wear surface for excessive wear.

Auxiliary Brake Systems

Your ATV's auxiliary brake system is intended to be used as a backup for the main brake system. Should the main system fail, the rear brake can be activated by the stepping the foot pedal on the side of the right floorboard. The hydraulic brake system will not require adjustment.

NOTE: Since this is a rear brake only, it will not be as effective as as the rear wheels system in 2WD mode. It will cause braking at both front and rear wheels in the 4WD mode.

Checking

Although the parking brake has been adjusted at the factory, the brake should be checked for proper operation. The mechanical brake must be maintained to be fully functional.

1. With the engine off, apply the parking brake lever and attempt to move the ATV.
2. If the rear wheels are locked, it is adjusted properly.
3. If the wheels are not locked, it must be adjusted.

16. MAINTENANCE

Adjusting

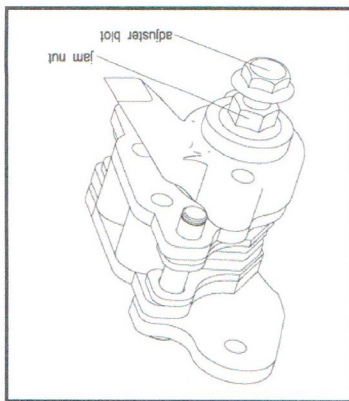
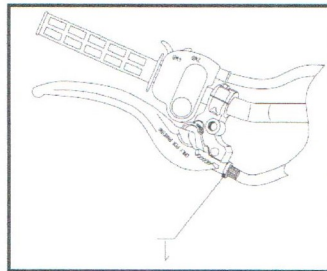
To adjust (set up) the mechanical parking brake, use the

following procedure

Note: The adjusting on the caliper is for the wear out of the pads.

1. With the engine off, loosen the adjuster ① on the lever.
2. Loosen the jam nut of the adjuster on the caliper.
3. Turn the adjuster (bolt) CW (clockwise) by hand till the pad touch the brake disc, turn the adjuster bolt CCW (counterclockwise) by 1/4 to one turn for 10 to 20mm free play at the end of the parking lever.
4. Tighten the jam nuts securely against the adjusters.
5. Make sure the rear wheels turns freely without dragging.
6. Turn the adjuster (the one on the lever) and apply the lever. While adjusting, it is important you apply the lever back and forth for operation, free play and the locking of the parking position.
7. Make sure the rear wheels turns freely without dragging and parking brake works properly.
- CAUTION** Don't over tighten the adjuster. Free play of the lever: 20mm.
8. Field test for parking. It must be capable of holding the laden ATV stationary on an 18% up and down gradient.

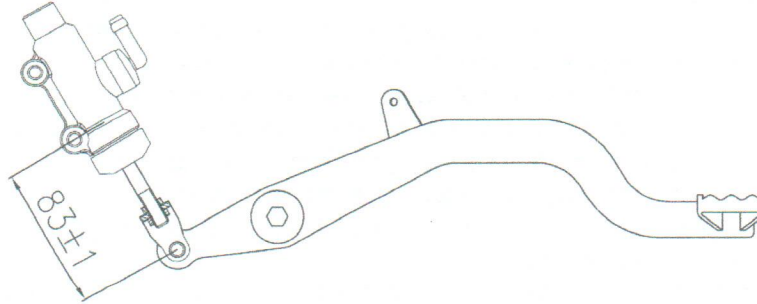
A temporary adjusting can also be done to the brake cable on the parking lever side by turn the adjuster (nut) directly. But the adjusting range is limited. Always do the **procedure 1 to 8** when necessary.



16. MAINTENANCE

Adjusting brake pedal

If the push rod joint is reinstalled, adjust the push rod length so that the distance between the centers of the master cylinder lower mounting bolt hole and joint pin hole is 83 ± 1 mm. After adjustment, tighten the joint nut.



16. MAINTENANCE

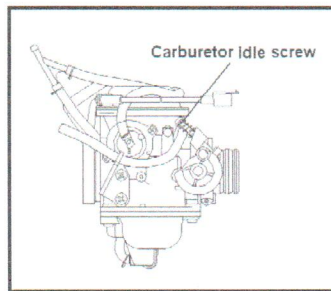
Carburetor/ Engine Idle RPM Adjustment

If the engine idle speed is not satisfactory, and all other conditions are favorable, the carburetor can be adjusted as follows:

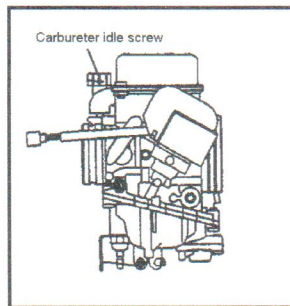
1. Warm up the engine by running the vehicle approximately five minutes.
2. Place the transmission in gear with the parking brake applied.
3. Adjust the carburetor idle screw in or out until the desired idle RPM is reached. Turning the screw in (clockwise) will raise RPM. Turning the screw out (counterclockwise) will lower RPM.
4. The standard idle RPM is $1500 \pm 10\%$ (for 260cc/300cc)
- 4a. The standard idle RPM is $1700 \pm 10\%$ (for 150cc/200cc).

Throttle Cable Free Play Adjustment

150cc/200cc



260cc/300cc



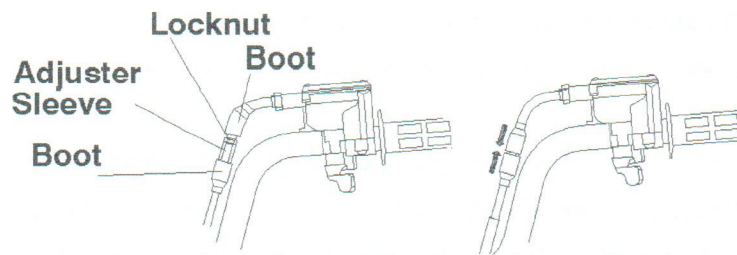
Throttle cable free play is adjusted at the handlebar.

1. Side the bolts off inline cable adjuster, Loosen adjuster locknut.
2. Turn adjuster until 1/16" to 1/8" (2 to 3mm) freeplay is achieved at thumb lever. **NOTE:** While adjusting freeplay, it is important you

16. MAINTENANCE

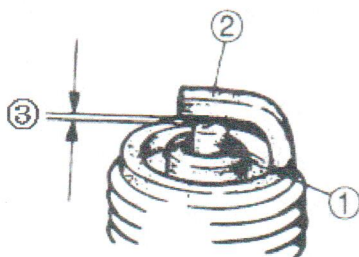
flip the throttle lever back and forth.

3. Tighten locknut and slide boots over cable adjuster.



16. MAINTENANCE

Spark Plugs



Standard spark plug
DR8EA(NGK) (for 260cc/300cc)
C7HSA(NGK)(for 150cc/200cc)

③ Gap: 0.6–0.7mm

Inspect:

- Insulator ①
Abnormal color: Replace.
Normal color is a medium-
To-light tan color.
- Electrode ②
Wear/damage: Replace.

Clean:

- Spark plug
(with spark plug cleaner or
wire brush)

Measure:

- Spark plug gap ③
Out of specification: Adjust gap.

Spark Plug Removal and Replacement



WARNING

Never attempt to remove a spark plug while the engine is warm. The exhaust system or engine could burn you causing severe injury.

Remove the spark plug by rotating counterclockwise.

Reverse the procedure for spark plug installation.

Torque to 17ft.lbs (23N.m)(for 260cc/300cc).

Torque to 14ft.lbs (19N.m)(for 150cc/200cc)

16. MAINTENANCE

Oil and Filter Change

The recommended oil change interval is 30 hours, or every 3 months, whichever comes first. Suggested break in oil change is at 20 hours, or one month, whichever comes first. Severe use operation requires more frequent service. Severe use includes continuous duty in dusty or wet conditions, and cold weather riding.

NOTE: Severe use cold weather riding is all riding below 10°F(-12°C), and riding between 10°F(-12°C) and 30°F(0°C) when most trips are slow speed and less than 5 mph (8km/h). Be sure to change the oil filter whenever changing oil.



CAUTION

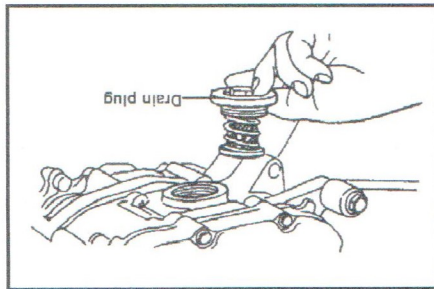
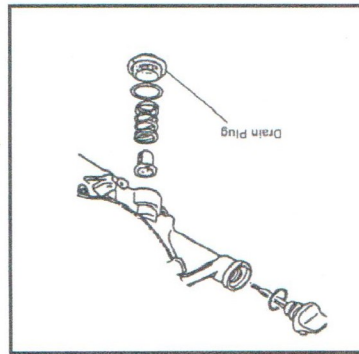
Oil may be hot. Do not allow hot oil to come into contact with skin as severe burns may result

-
1. Place vehicle on a level surface;
 2. Run engine two or three minutes until warm, Stop engine;
 3. Clean area around drain plug;
 4. Place a drain pan beneath engine crankcase and remove drain plug;
 5. Allow oil to drain completely;
 6. Replace sealing washer O-ring of drain plug;
 7. Reinstall drain plug and torque to 14ft.lbs (19N.m)

16. MAINTENANCE

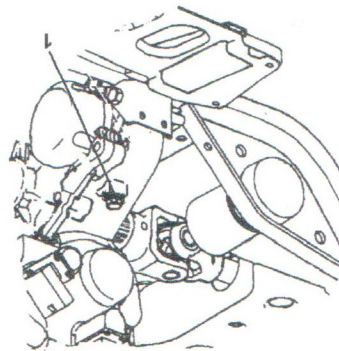
150cc/200cc

260cc/300cc



Transmission Lubrication

The transmission fill plug is located on the right side of the machine. The transmission lubricant level should be checked monthly or 20 hours, whichever comes first. Transmission oil should be changed annually. With the ATV on a level surface, remove fill plug (1) and check the lubricant level. The correct transmission lubricant to use is SEA 80W/90 GL5 Lubricant. And see "16. Maintenance; lubrication recommendations" for the correct fluid level.

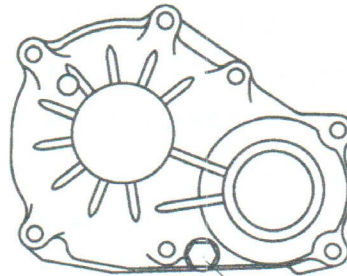
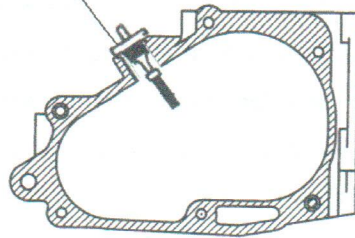


16. MAINTENANCE

Transmission Oil Changing Procedure(for 260cc/300cc)

1. Remove the four screws on the footwall and gently pull outward for access.
2. Remove fill plug.
3. Remove transmission drain plug located on the bottom left hand side and drain the oil. Catch and discard used oil properly.
4. Clean and reinstall the drain plug torque to 14 ft.lbs. (20Nm)
5. Add the correct amount of SAE 80W/90GL5 Lubricant until oil reaches the bottom of the filler hole
6. Check for leaks.
7. Reinstall footwall and screws removed in step 1.

FILL PLUG



DRAIN PLUG

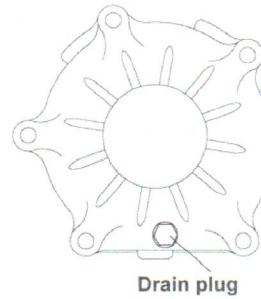
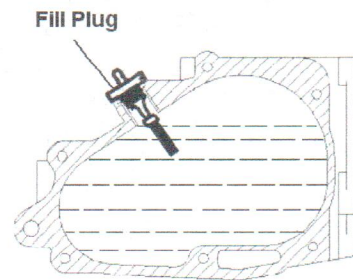
Transmission Oil Changing Procedure(for 150cc/200cc)

1. Remove fill plug.
2. Remove transmission drain plug located on the front cover and drain the oil. Catch and discard used oil properly.
3. Clean and reinstall the drain plug torque to 12-16ft.lbs.

16. MAINTENANCE

(17-23Nm) .

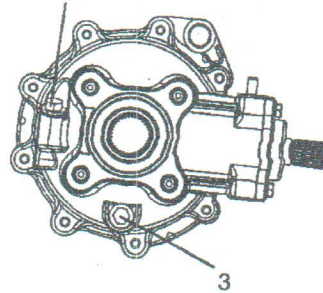
4. Add the correct amount of SAE 80W/90GL5 Lubricant until oil reaches the bottom of the filler hole
5. Check for leaks.



16. MAINTENANCE

Rear Gearcase Lubrication

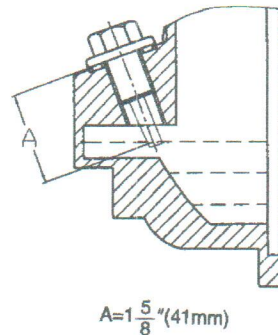
Which the ATV on the a level surface, remove fill plug and visually inspect the lubricant level through the fill hole(1).Lubricant should be kept even with the center of the drill point (2) approximately 1 5/8" (41mm) below the top of the fill hole.



NOTE: Do not add lubricant to the bottom of the fill plug threads. The correct gearcase lubricant to use is SAE 80W/90 GL5 Weight Gear Lube.

Oil Changing Procedure

1. Remove drain plug (3). Catch and discard used oil properly.
2. Clean and reinstall the drain plug with a new sealing washer and tighten securely (14 ft. lbs/20N.m).
3. Remove fill plug and add 10 ounces (300ml) of SAE 80W/90 GL5. Weight



- Gear Lubricant and inspect oil level. Oil level should be kept even with the center of the drill point (approximately 1 5/8"41mm below the top of the fill hole).
4. Reinstall the fill plug. Tight securely (14 ft. lbs/20N.m).
 5. Check for leaks.

16. MAINTENANCE



WARNING

Operating your ATV with worn tires, improperly inflated tires, non-standard tires or improperly installed tire will affect vehicle handling which could cause an accident resulting in serious injury or death.

Follow the safeguards listed below to prevent this type of situation.

Important Safeguards

Maintain proper tire pressure according to charts below. Improper tire inflation may affect ATV maneuverability.

Do not use improper tires. The use of non-standard size or type tires may affect ATV handling.

Make certain the wheels are installed properly. If wheels are improperly installed it could affect vehicle handling and tire wear.

Wheel Removal Procedure

1. Stop the engine, place the transmission in gear and lock the parking brake.
2. Loosen the wheel nuts slightly.
3. Elevate the side of the vehicle by placing a suitable stand under the footrest frame.
4. Remove the wheel nuts and remove the wheel.

Tire Pressure	
front	rear
34.5kPa/5PSI	34.5kPa/5PSI

16. MAINTENANCE

Wheel Installation

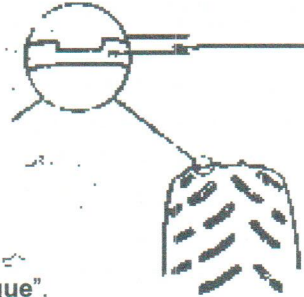
1. With the transmission in gear and the parking brake locked, place the wheel in the correct position on the wheel hub. Be sure the valve stem is toward the outside and rotation arrows on the tire point toward forward rotation.

2. Attach the wheel nuts and finger tighten them.

3. Lower the vehicle to the ground.

4. Securely tighten the wheel nuts according to the chart found in

"16.MAINTENANCE/Wheel Nut Torque".



Tire Inspection

When replacing a tire always use original equipment size and type.

Tire Tread Depth

Always replace tires when tread depth is worn to 1/8" (3mm) (1) or less. Please refer to your Owner's Manual for tire specifications.

16. MAINTENANCE

Headlight Lamp Replacement



WARNING

Keep your headlights and taillights clean. Poor light while riding can result in an accident causing severe injury or death.



CAUTION

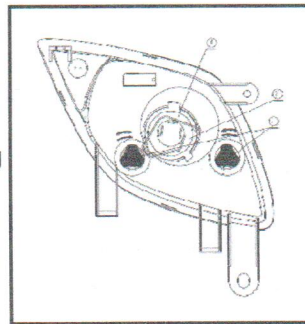
Do not service while headlight is hot. Serious burns may result.

Do not touch a halogen lamp with bare fingers. Oil from your skin leaves a residue, causing a hot spot which will shorten the life of the lamp.

16. MAINTENANCE

Lamp Replacement

1. Use bulb 12V 35W/35W.
2. Pull the cable plug off the conducting strip in the socket, remove the clip ① before dismounting the bulb.
3. Fit a new bulb into the socket, sitting properly in the three slots, install the clip as shown in the fig. and connect the cable plug to the conducting strip.
4. Change the bulb.



16. MAINTENANCE

Taillight /Brakelight Lamp Replacement

If the taillight / brakelight does not work the lamp may need to be replaced.

1. Remove the lens.
2. Remove lamp and replace it with recommended lamp.
3. Test the taillight/ brakelight to see that it's working .
4. Reinstall the lens.

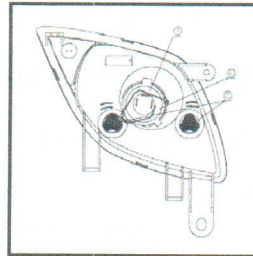
Indicator Lamp Replacement

1. Remove mounting panel.
2. Unplug light from harness, depress locking tabs (A) and remove from pod.
3. Install new light and reassemble panel.

High Beam Headlight Adjustment

The headlight beam can be adjusted up and down.

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface with the headlight approximately 10"(3m) from a wall.
2. Measure the distance from the floor to the center of the headlight and make a mark on the wall at the same height.



3. Start the engine and turn the headlight switch to high beam.
4. Observe headlight aim. The most intense part of the headlight beam should be aimed 2.8" (71mm) below the mark placed on the wall in step 2. **NOTE** : Riding weight must be included on the seat.
5. To turn the two adjusting screws ③ clockwise is to lower the beam area and to turn the two adjusting screws ③ counterclockwise is to heighten the beam area.

16. MAINTENANCE

Cleaning Your ATV

Keeping your ATV clean will extend the life of various components.

Washing

Never use a high pressure type car wash system, it can damage to the wheel bearings, transmission seals, body panels, brakes and warning labels, and water might enter the engine or exhaust system.

The best and safest way to clean your ATV is with a garden hose and a pail of mild soap and water. Use a professional type washing mitten, cleaning the upper body first and lower parts last. Rinse with water frequently and dry with a chamois to prevent water spots.

NOTE: If warning labels are damaged, contact your dealer for replacement.

Waxing

Your ATV can be waxed with any non-abrasive automotive paste wax. Avoid the use of harsh cleaners since they can scratch the body finish.



CAUTION

Certain products, including insect repellants and chemicals, will damage plastic surfaces. Care must be taken when using these products plastic surfaces.

17. TROUBLESHOOTING


Issues of Improper Operation Driven Clutch (CVT) Burning

Possible Causes	Solutions
Loading the ATV into a pickup or tall trailer when in high range (for 260cc/300cc).	Shift transmission to Low Range during loading of the ATV to prevent belt burning(for 260cc/300cc).
Loading the ATV into a pickup or tall trailer.(for 150cc/200cc).	Never operate ATV on hills steeper than 15%.(for 150cc/200cc)
Starting out going up a steep incline.	When starting out on an incline, use low range, or dismount the ATV after first applying the park brake and perform the "K" turn as described in this manual. (for 260cc/300cc)
	Dismount the ATV after first applying the park brake and perform the "K" turn as described in this manual. (for 150cc/200cc)
Driving at low RPM or low ground speed (at approximately 3-7MPH/ 5-12km/h)	Drive at higher speed or use low range. The use of low range is highly recommended for cooler CVT operating temperatures and longer component life(for 260cc/300cc).
	Drive at higher speed(for 150cc/200cc)
Insufficient warm-up of ATV's exposed to low ambient temperatures.	Warm engine at least 5 min., then with transmission in neutral, advance throttle to approx. 1/8throttle in short bursts, 5 to 7 times. The belt will become more flexible and prevent belt burning.
Slow and easy clutch engagement.	Fast, effective use of the throttle for efficient engagement.
Towing /Pushing at low RPM/low ground speed.	Use Low Range only(for 260cc/300cc).


Stuck in mud or snow.	Shift the transmission to Low Range carefully use fast, aggressive throttle application to engage clutch. WARNING: Excessive throttle may cause loss of control and vehicle overturn. (for 260cc/300cc)	Shift the transmission to Low Range Shut off the engine and dismount, pull the ATV out of the mud.
	Climbing over large objects from a stopped position. (For 260cc/300cc) .	Shift the transmission to Low Range carefully use fast, brief, aggressive throttle application to engage clutch. WARNING: Excessive throttle may cause loss of control and vehicle overturn.

Battery Wane

Possible Cause	Solutions
Starting a faulty engine for long time	See "8. STARTING THE ENGINE" And check the fuel/ air/ ignition/ compression system
Let the main switch (key) on while parking the ATV	When stopping the engine, turn off the main switch (key) off at once


WARNING

This 150cc/260cc/300cc ATV equipped with an electric start system. If the battery is under charging, the ATV will not run.


WARNING

This 200cc ATV is equipped with a recoil starter. But its engine is equipped with a battery ignition system. If the battery is under 8 Volt, the engine will not start.

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE:

The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for inspection, adjustment and replacement of parts. Adjustment and replacement must be done by your dealer.

STARTING FAILURE/ HARD ATARTING

FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel tank

- Empty
- Clogged fuel tank breather hole
- Deteriorated fuel or fuel containing water or foreign material

Carburetor

- Deteriorated fuel or fuel containing Water or foreign material
- Clogged pilot jet
- Clogged air passage
- Improperly set pilot air s crew
- Clogged pilot air passage
- Improperly sealed valve seat
- Improperly adjusted fuel level
- Clogged starter jet
- Sucked-in air

COMPRESSION SYSTEM

Cylinder and cylinder head

- Loose spark plug
- Loose cylinder head
- Broken cylinder head gasket
- Broken cylinder gasket
- Worn, damaged or seized cylinder

Piston and Piston ring

- Worn piston
- Worn fatigued or broken piston ring
- Seized piston ring
- Seized or damaged piston

Auto choke

- Starter plunger malfunction
- Wax malfunction

Air cleaner

- Clogged air cleaner element
- Improper air cleaner setting

Valve system

- Improperly adjusted valve clearance
- Improperly sealed valve
- Improperly contacted valve and vale seat
- Improper valve timing
- Broken valve spring
- Seized valve

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

IGNITION SYSTEM

Battery

- Improperly charged battery
- Faulty battery

Fuse

- Burnt out, improper connection

Spark plug

- Improper plug gap
- Worn electrodes
- Wire between terminals broken
- Improper heat range
- Faulty spark plug cap

Ignition coil

- Broken or shorted primary/secondary coil
- Faulty high tension cord
- Broken ignition coil body

Ignition system

- Faulty ignitor unit
- Faulty pick up coil
- Broken magneto woodruff key

Switch

- Faulty main switch
- Faulty "ENGINE STOP" switch
- Faulty brake switch

Wiring

- Loose battery terminal
- Loose coupler connection
- Improperly grounded
- Broken wireharness

POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE

Carburetor

- Loose or clogged pilot jet
- Damaged carburetor joint
- Improperly tightened carburetor joint clamp hose
- Improperly adjusted idle speed (Pilot screw), (Throttle stop screw)
- Improperly adjusted throttle cable
- Flooded carburetor

Auto choke

- Faulty starter plunger
- Improper wax operation

Air cleaner

- Clogged air cleaner element

Ignition system

- Faulty spark plug
- Faulty high tension cord
- Faulty ignitor unit
- Faulty pick up coil
- Faulty ignition coil

Valve system

- Improperly adjusted valve clearance

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE

Carburetor

- Improperly adjusted fuel level
- Clogged main nozzle
- Clogged or loose pilot jet

Air cleaner

- Clogged air cleaner element
-

POOR SPEED PERFORMANCE

Ignition system

- Dirty spark plug
- Improper heat range
- Faulty igniter unit
- Faulty pick up coil

Fuel system

- Clogged fuel tank breather hole
- Clogged air cleaner element
- Clogged jet
- Improperly adjusted fuel level
- Improper carburetor air vent hose setting

Compression system

- Worn cylinder
- Worn or seized piston ring
- Cylinder head gasket broken
- Cylinder gasket broken
- Carbon deposit buildup
- Improper adjusted valve clearance
- Improper contacted valve and valve seat
- Faulty valve timing

Clutch

- Refer to "CLUTCH SLIPPING /DRAGGING" section

Engine oil

- Improper oil level (low or over Oil level)

Ignition system

- Faulty spark plug
- Faulty high tension cord
- Faulty ignitor unit
- Faulty pick up coil
- Faulty ignition coil

Valve system

- Improperly adjusted valve clearance

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

OVER HEATING OR OVER-COOLING

OVER HEATING

Ignition system

- Improperly spark plug gap
- Improper spark plug heat rang
- Faulty igniter unit

OVER-COOLING(for 260cc/300cc)

Cooling system

- Faulty thermostat
- Faulty thermo switch

Fuel system

- Improper carburetor setting
- Improper fuel level adjustment
- Clogged air cleaner element

Compression system

- Heavy carbon deposit build-up
- Improperly adjusted valve timing
- Improperly adjusted valve clearance

Engine oil

- Incorrect engine oil level
- Improper engine oil quality (High viscosity)
- Low engine oil quality

Brakes

- Dragging brake

Cooling system

- Inoperative fan motor (for 260cc/300cc)
- Faulty thermostat (for 260cc/300cc)
- Faulty thermo switch (for 260cc/300cc)
- Incorrect coolant level (low coolant level) (for 260cc/300cc)
- Faulty radiator (Clogged, damage) (for 260cc/300cc)
- Faulty radiator cap (for 260cc/300cc)
- Impeller shaft gear malfunction (bent dowel pin, gear) (for 260cc/300cc)
- Damaged impeller shaft (for 260cc/300cc)

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

- Disconnected fan motor connector (for 260cc/300cc)
- Entanglements (weed and seeds) on cooling fan (for 150cc/200cc)

FAULTY CLUTCH

WHEN ENGINE RUN, ATV DOES NOT RUN

V belt

- Worn/bent/slipping

Cam, slider

- Worm/damaged

Compression spring

- Damage

Gears

- Damage

CLUTCH SLIPPING

Clutch weight spring

- Worn/loose

Clutch shoe

- Worn/ damaged

Primary sliding sheave

- Seized

POORSTARTING PERFORMANCE

V-belt

- Slipping/oily V-belt

Primary sliding sheave

- Improper operation
- Damage

compressing spring

- Worm/loose

Secondary sliding sheave

- Improper operation

POOR SPEED PERFORMANCE

V-belt

- Worn
- Oil V belt

Roller weight

- Worn/improper operation
primary/secondary/sheave

- Worm

CVT SYSTEM

Uncorrect Primaty Clutch Position

- Uncorrect engine mount
(see 13. CVT system)

FAULTY BRAKE

POOR BRAKING EFFECT

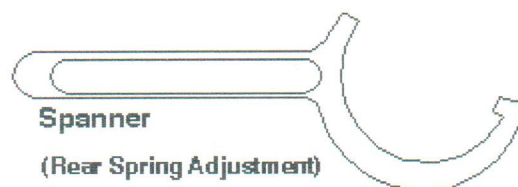
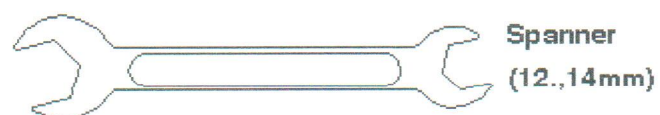
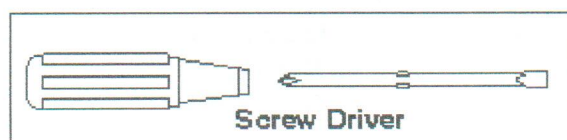
- Worn front hub bearing
- Worn brake pad
- Worn brake disc
- Air in brake fluid
- Leaking brake fluid

- Faulty master cylinder kit
- Faulty caliper seal kit
- Loose union bolt

17. TROUBLESHOOTING

- Worn guide pin groove
- Worn guide pin
- Clutch shoe
- Worn/ bent
- Broken brake hose
- Oily or greasy brake pad
- Oily or greasy brake disc

18. Tool



19. SPECIFICATION

Capacities		
	150cc/200cc	260cc/300cc
Fuel capacity	14.5L	
Engine Oil Capacity	0.9L (for 150cc)	1.4L
	1L (for 200cc)	
Ground Clearance (mm)	155	175
LengthX WidthX Height (mm)	2015X1120X1175	2015X1140X1195
Seat height (mm)	870	890
Wheel Base (mm)	1205	
Turn Radius (mm)	3100	3277
Dry Weight (kg)	236	295
Front Rack (kg)	10	
Rear Rack (kg)	20	
Load Capacity(Combined Rider& Payload)	110 kg	
Tongue Weight (kg)	6kg	11kg
Tow Capacity (kg)	100kg	200kg
Drive System		
Drive System	CVT	
Front Tire	22X7-10	24X8-12
Rear Tire	22X10-10	24X11-10
Tire Pressure(front)	5PSI	
Tire Pressure(rear)	5PSI	
Brake System		
Service Brake	Front Brake	Hydraulic Disc
	Rear Brake	
Parking Brake	All Wheel	Hydraulic Lock
Auxiliary Brake	Rear Brake	Hydraulic Disc

19. SPECIFICATION

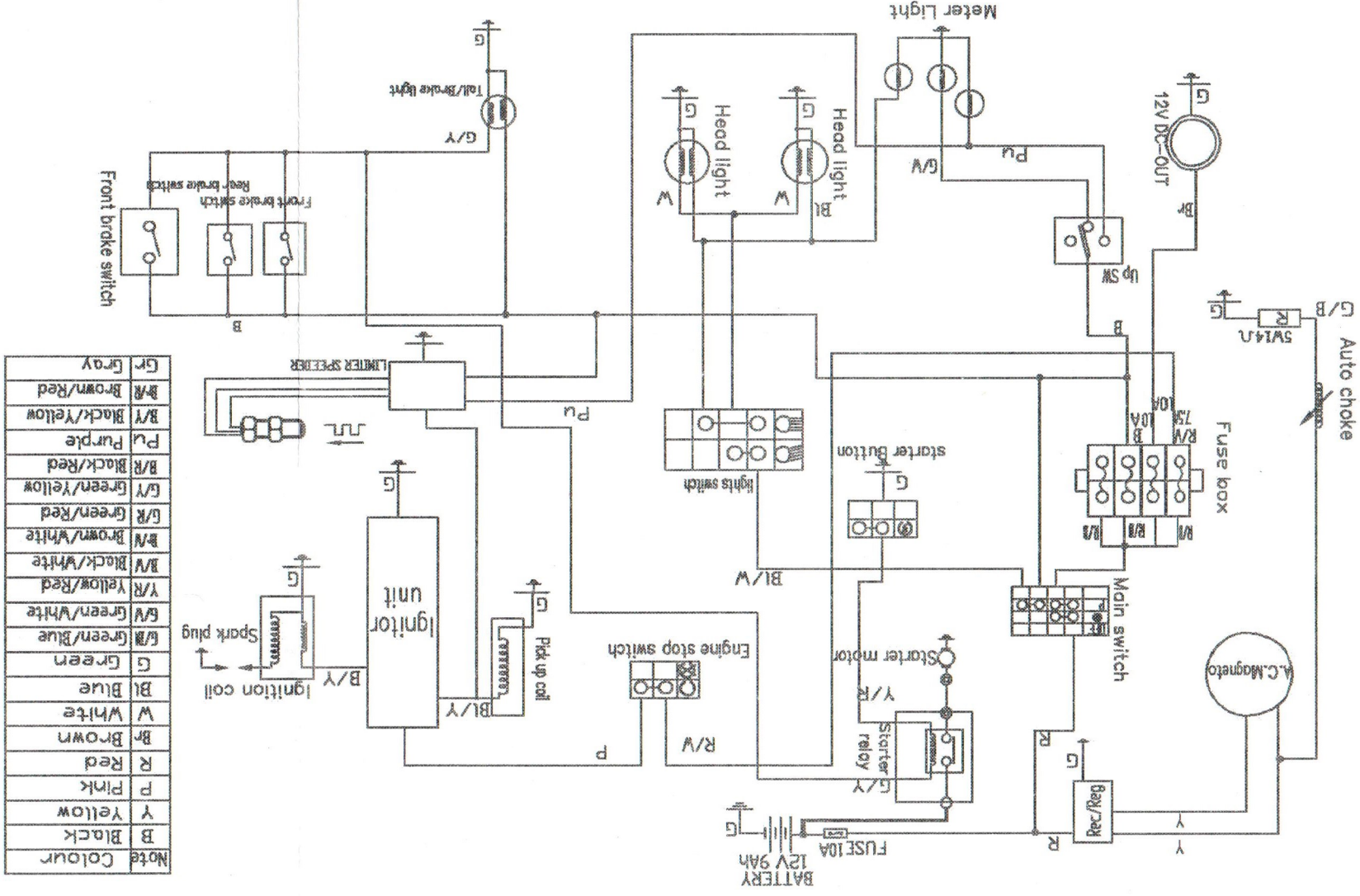
Engine				
	150cc	200cc	260cc	300cc
Engine Type	LH157QMJ-B 4Stroke, Single Cylinder, OHC	LH163QML 4Stroke, Single Cylinder, OHC	LH170MM 4Stroke, Single Cylinder, SOHC	LH173MM 4Stroke, Single Cylinder, SOHC
Bore x Stroke	57mmX57.8 mm	62.5mmX57.8 mm	70mmx66.8 mm	72.5mmx66.8 mm
Displacement	147.5cc	177.3cc	257cc	275cc
Starter System	Electric Starter	Electric Starter Recoil Starter	Electric Starter	
Engine Cooling	Air-Cooling	Air-Cooling Oil-Cooling	Liquid-cooling	
Lubrication System	Wet Sump			
Carburetor	CVK			
Ignitions	C.D.I			T.C.I
Spark Plug Type	C7HSA (NGK)			DR8EA (NGK)

Electrical Equipment		
	150cc/200cc	260cc/300cc
Battery	12V 9AH	12V 14AH
Head light	35W/35W	35W/35W
Brake/ Tail Light	21W/5W	21W/5W
Rear Indicator Light	12V 1W	12V 1W
Fan Indicator Light	-	12V 1W
High Beam Indicator Light	12V 1W	12V 1W
Neutral Position Light	12V 1W	12V 1W
Heat Alarm Light	-	12V 1W
Flasher Light	12V 10WX4	12V 10WX4
Turn Indicator Light	12V 1W	12V 1W
Position Light	12V 5W	12V 5W

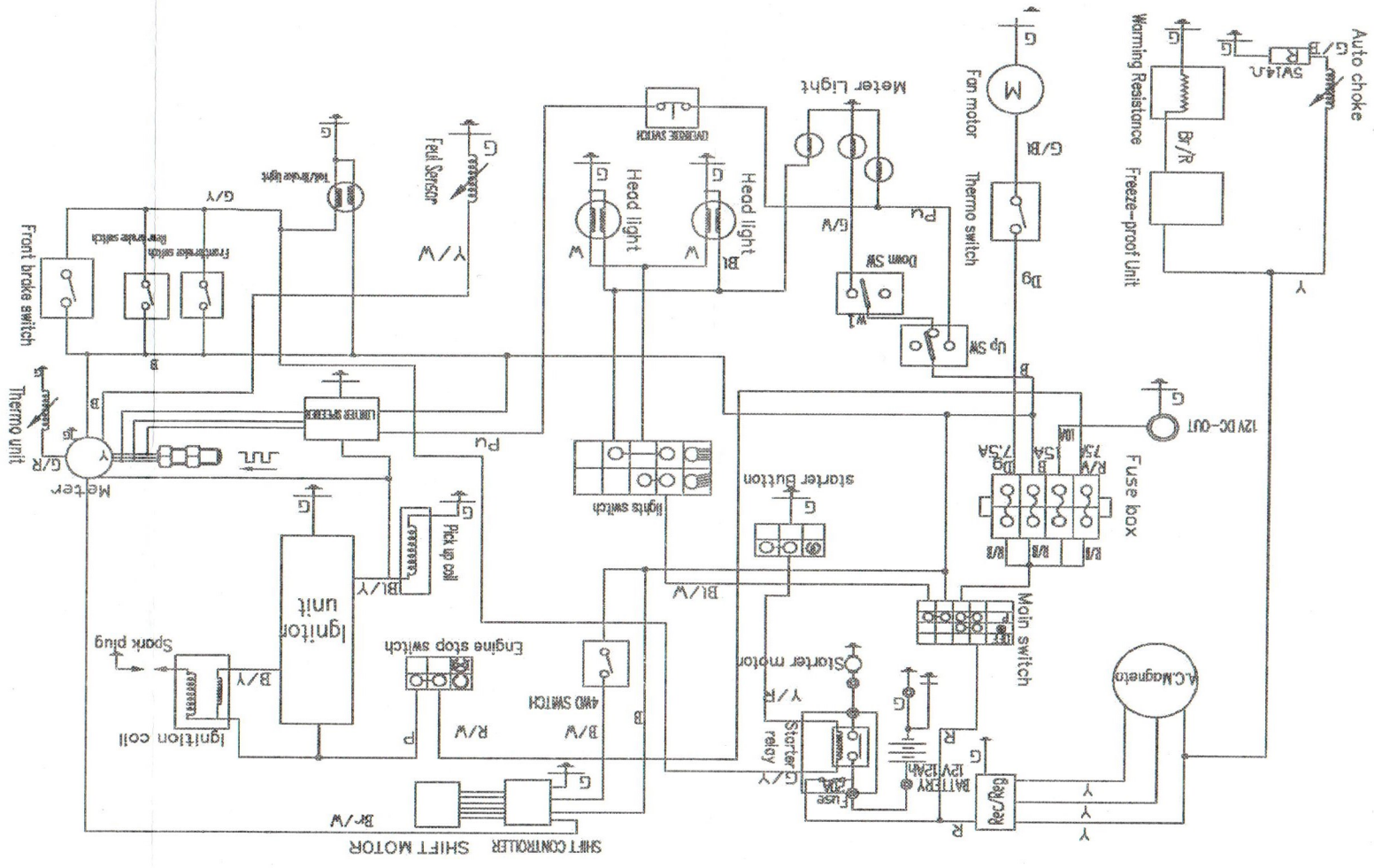
LH150/200/260/300ATV-B OWNER'S/OPERATOR'S MANUAL IN USA
F010203A02
B-TYPE 系列 ATV 使用说明书
2020 年 1 月 12 日

20. WIRING DIAGRAM

WIRING DIAGRAM FOR LH150/200ATV-B U.S.A MODEL



WIRING DIAGRAM FOR LH260ATV-B U.S.A MODEL



Note	Colour
B	Black
Y	Yellow
P	Pink
R	Red
Br	Brown
W	White
Bl	Blue
G	Green
G/R	Green/Red
G/V	Green/White
B/Y	Black/Yellow
B/R	Black/Red
Pu	Purple
B/Y	Black/Yellow
Br/R	Brown/Red
Gr	Gray

1. Warranty

Linhai Powersports USA Corporation Company – EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

The emission control system warranty period for this vehicle begins on the date the vehicle is delivered to the first purchaser other than an authorized dealer, or the date it is first used as a demonstrator, lease, or company vehicle, whichever comes first and continues for 2,500 km or 30 months, whichever comes first, provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your vehicle. Where a warrantable condition exists, the dealer will repair your vehicle at no cost to you, including diagnosis, parts and labor. If an emission-related part on your vehicle is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by the dealer. This is your emission control defects warranty.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES

As the ATV owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. Linhai Powersports recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your ATV, but Linhai Powersports cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance. You are responsible for presenting your ATV to a Linhai Powersports dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed in a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

As the ATV owner, you should be aware that Linhai Powersports may deny your warranty coverage if your ATV or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

WARRANTY COVERAGE

Linhai Powersports USA Corporation (hereinafter Linhai Powersports) warrants that each new 2020 and later vehicle:

- A. is designed, built and equipped so as to conform at the time of initial retail purchase with all applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- B. is free from defects in material and workmanship which cause such vehicle to fail to conform with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency for the periods specified above.

Warranty defects shall be remedied during customary business hours at any authorized Linhai Powersports ATV dealer located within the United States of America in compliance with the Clean Air Act and applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Any part or parts replaced under this warranty shall become the property of Linhai Powersports.

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

This warranty does not cover the following:

- Failures or malfunctions of the emission control systems caused by abuse, alteration, accident, misuse, the use of leaded gasoline.
- Replacement of expendable maintenance items unless they are original equipment defective

in material or workmanship under normal use, and the first required replacement interval for the item has not been reached. Expendable maintenance items include but not limited to spark plugs, filters, coolant, lubricants, gaskets, hoses and belts.

- Replacement of parts and other service and adjustments for required maintenance.
- Any vehicle equipped with an odometer or hour meter where the reading is altered so that actual mileage cannot be readily determined.
- Repairs or replacement as a result of:
 - ◇ Accident
 - ◇ Misuse
 - ◇ Use of replacement parts or accessories not conforming to the original specifications which adversely affect performance
- Physical damage, corrosion, or defects caused by fire, explosions or similar causes beyond the control of the importer
- Failures not caused by a defect in material or workmanship.

Use of the vehicle in any type of competitive racing or related events immediately and completely voids this and all other warranties.

LIMITED LIABILITY

The liability of Linhai Powersports under this Emission Control System Warranty is limited solely to the remedying of defects in material workmanship by an authorized dealer at its place of business during customary business hours. This warranty does not cover inconvenience or loss of use of the vehicle or transportation of the vehicle to/from the authorized dealer. Linhai Powersports is not liable to any person for incidental, consequential or special damages of any description, whether arising out of express or implied warranty or any other contract, negligence or other tort or otherwise.

No express emission control system warranty is given by Linhai Powersports except as specifically set forth herein. Any emission control system warranty implied by law, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is limited to the express emission control system stated in this warranty. The foregoing statements of warranty are exclusive and in lieu of all other remedies. All express warranties not stated in this warranty are disclaimed. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply if it is inconsistent with the controlling state law.

No dealer is authorized to modify this Emission Control System Warranty. If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, you should contact Linhai Powersports at 4150 Shackleford Rd Suite 540, Norcross, GA 30093 (Phone: 770-364-8218), or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2000 Traverwood Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48105.